

SREBRNJAK
zajedno do zdravlja

Sveučilište Josipa Jurja Strossmayera u Osijeku



Alergije porijeklom iz hrane – trenutno stanje i izazovi za budućnost

Izv.prof. dr. sc. M.Turkalj

Dječja bolnica Srebrnjak, Zagreb,

Medicinski fakultet Sveučilišta J.J.Strossmayer, Osijek

Hrvatsko katoličko sveučilište, Zagreb

Sadržaj:

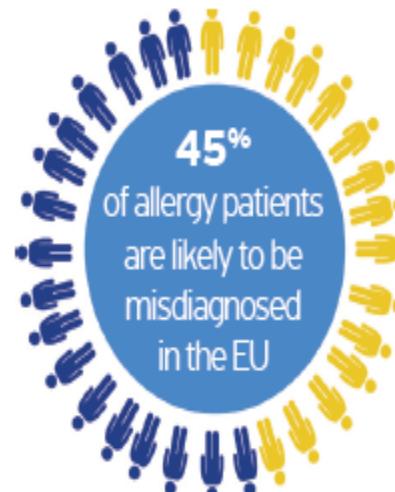
- ▶ Učestalost alergija porijeklom iz hrane
- ▶ Što je alergija na hranu?
- ▶ Zašto i kada se javljaju alergijske reakcije na hranu?
- ▶ Alergeni porijeklom iz hrane
- ▶ Klinička slika
- ▶ Dijagnostika
- ▶ Liječenje
- ▶ Izazovi za budućnost



Alergije u Evropi



by 2025
more than
50%
of all Europeans
will suffer from
allergy



100 million Europeans
suffer from allergic rhinitis



70 million suffer from asthma



of which produce
acute anaphylaxis and
are potentially fatal.

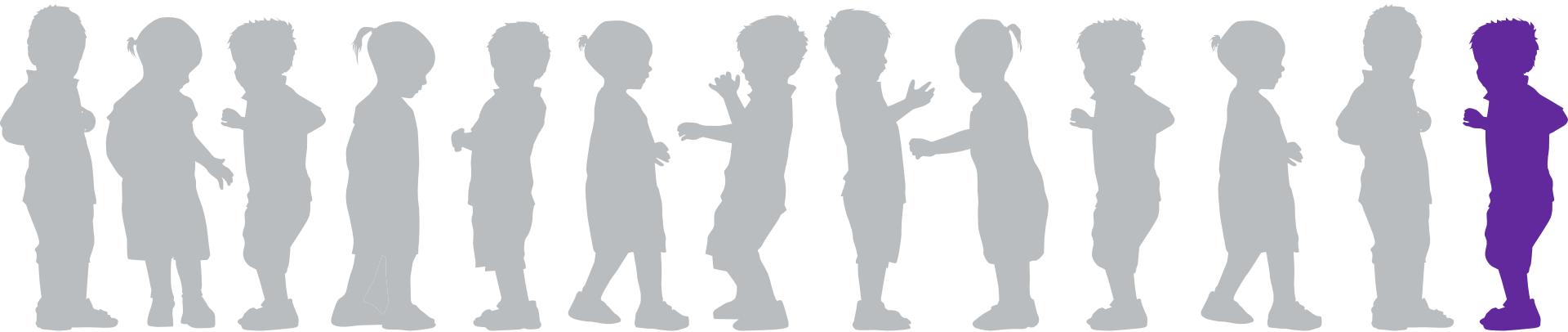


Alergija na hranu u djece u SAD-u

includes

5.9

**million
children (1 in 13)**



Porast alergije na hranu posebno u djece

- ▶ Porast alergije na hranu za 50%
1997 and 2011.¹
- ▶ 1 od 3 djece s alergijom na hranu imaju alergiju na više alergena porijeklom iz hrane (multipla senzibilizacija)



¹ Jackson, K., Howie, L, Akinbami, L. Trends in Allergic Conditions Among Children: United States, 1997-2011. *National Center for Health Statistics Data Brief*. 2013. Retrieved from www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/databriefs/db121.pdf.

² Gupta RS, Springston MR, Warrier BS, Rajesh K, Pongracic J, Holl JL. The prevalence, severity, and distribution of childhood food allergy in the United States. *J Pediatr*. 2011; 128.doi: 10.1542/peds.2011-0204.

FOOD ALLERGY AWARENESS



W HOUSING & FOOD SERVICES
UNIVERSITY *of* WASHINGTON
Division of Student Life





EAACI
EUROPEAN ACADEMY OF ALLERGY
AND CLINICAL IMMUNOLOGY

PUBLIC DECLARATION

www.eaaci.net

The image shows the front cover of a document titled "Food Allergy & Anaphylaxis Public Declaration". The cover is blue with white text. At the top left is the EAACI logo. Below it is the text "European Academy of Allergy and Clinical Immunology (EAACI)". The middle section features four small photographs: a baby, a child, a doctor, and a person with a food allergy reaction. The title "Food Allergy & Anaphylaxis Public Declaration" is centered at the bottom.

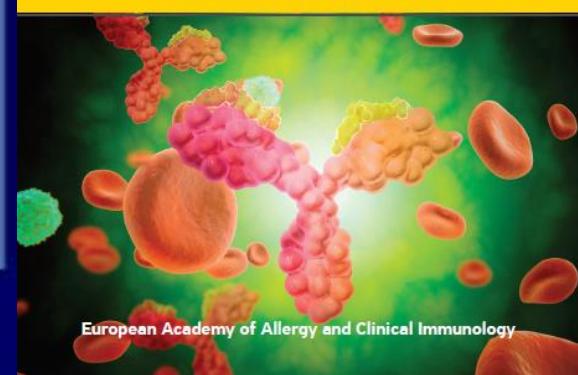


EAACI
EUROPEAN ACADEMY OF ALLERGY
AND CLINICAL IMMUNOLOGY



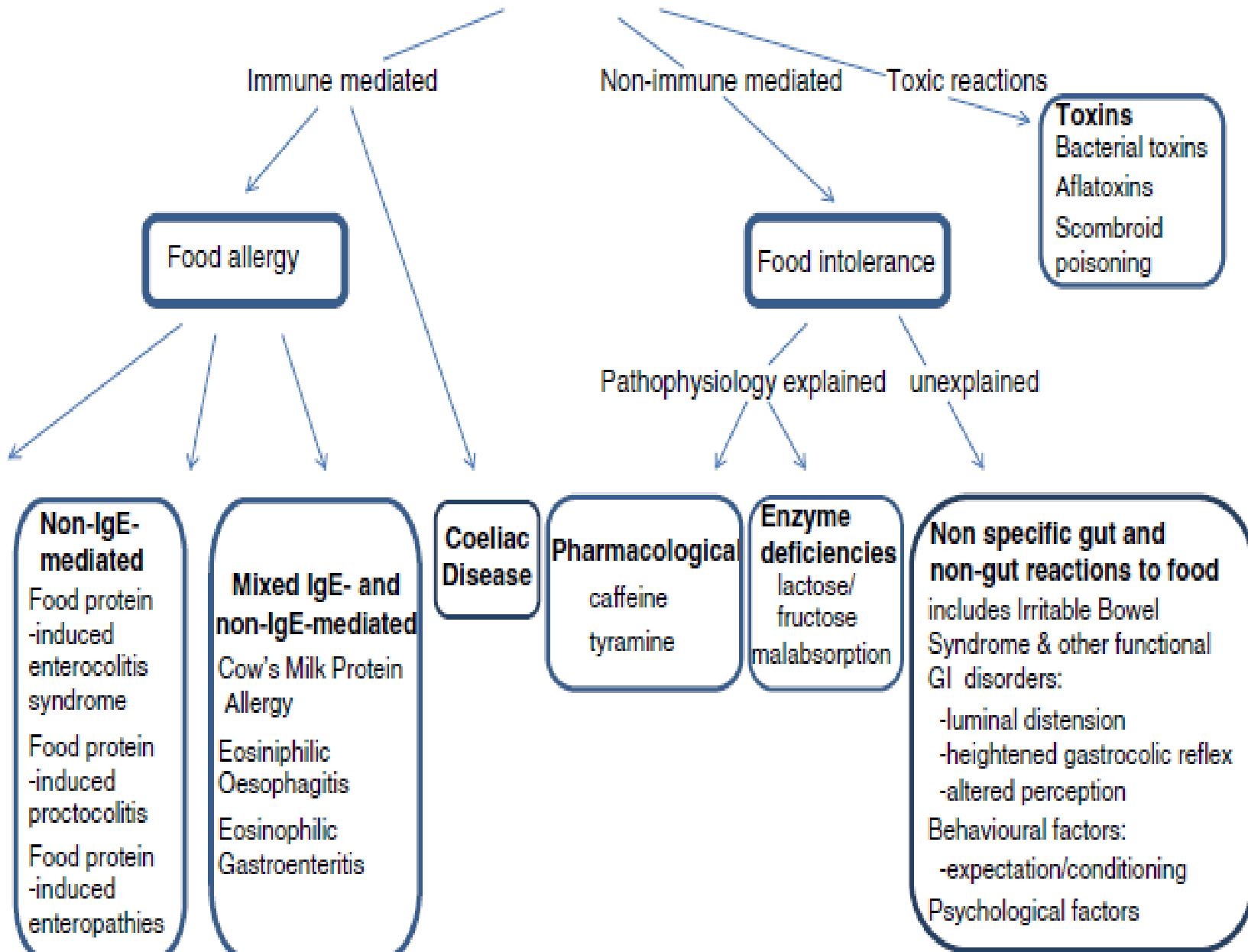
Food Allergy and Anaphylaxis Guidelines

Translating knowledge into clinical practice

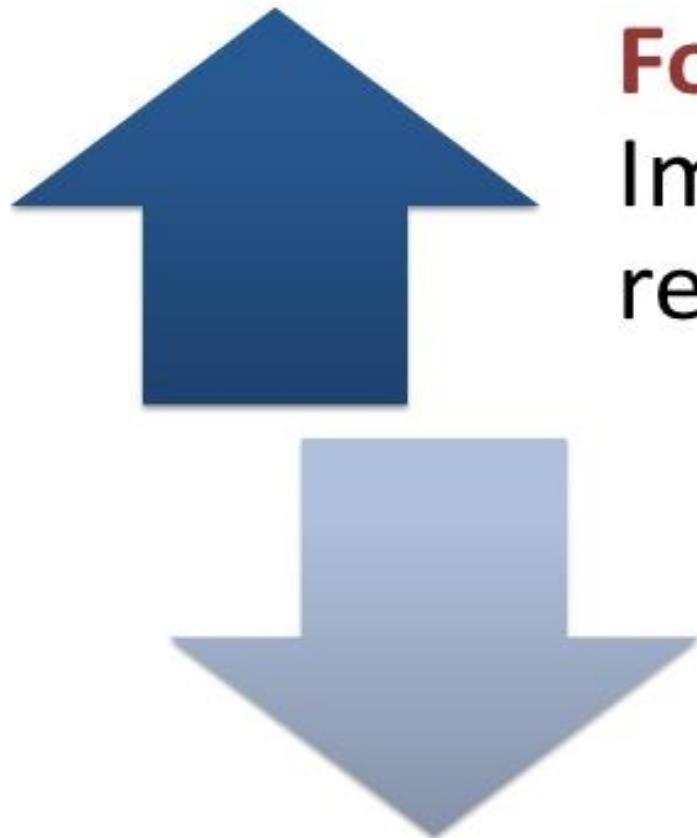


European Academy of Allergy and Clinical Immunology

Adverse reactions to foods



Difference



Food Allergy
Immune system
reaction

Food Intolerance
Inability to digest
a food



Alergija i intolerancija hrane

▶ Alergija

- ▶ Patomehanizam – aktivacija imunološkog sustava
- ▶ Jače reakcije, po život opasne
- ▶ Nagli razvoj simptoma
- ▶ Na proteinske komponente u hrani
- ▶ senzibilizacija
- ▶ Male količine Ag – nisu ovisne o dozi
- ▶ naslijede



▶ Intolerancija

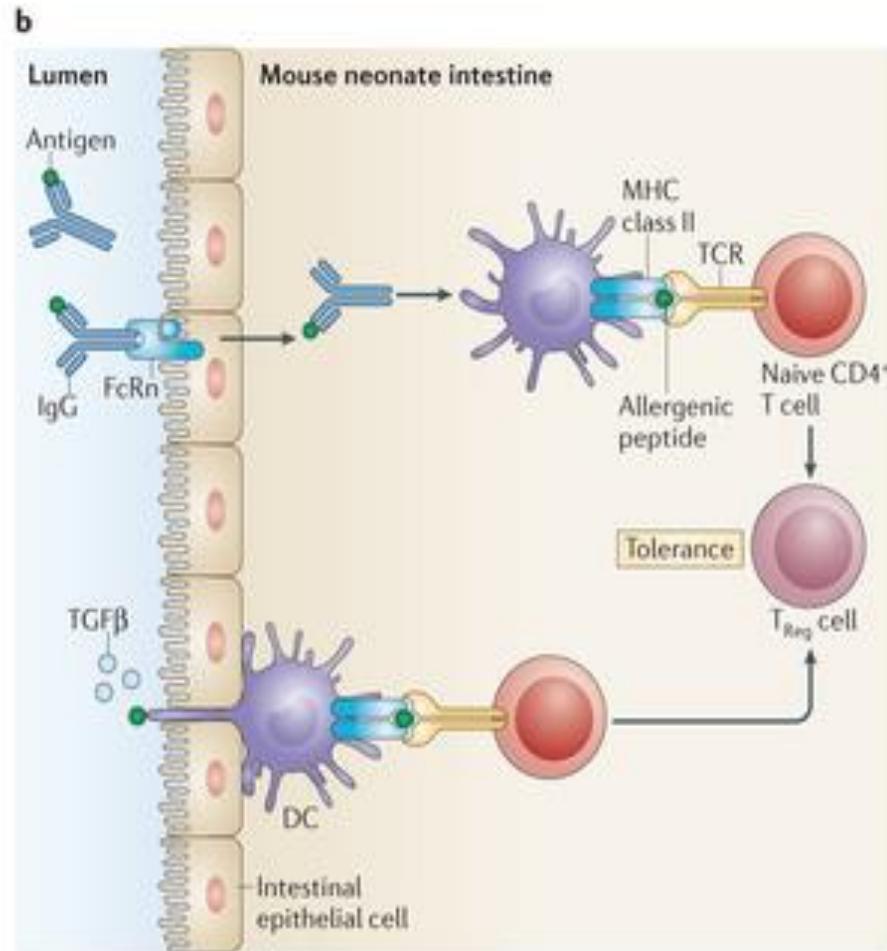
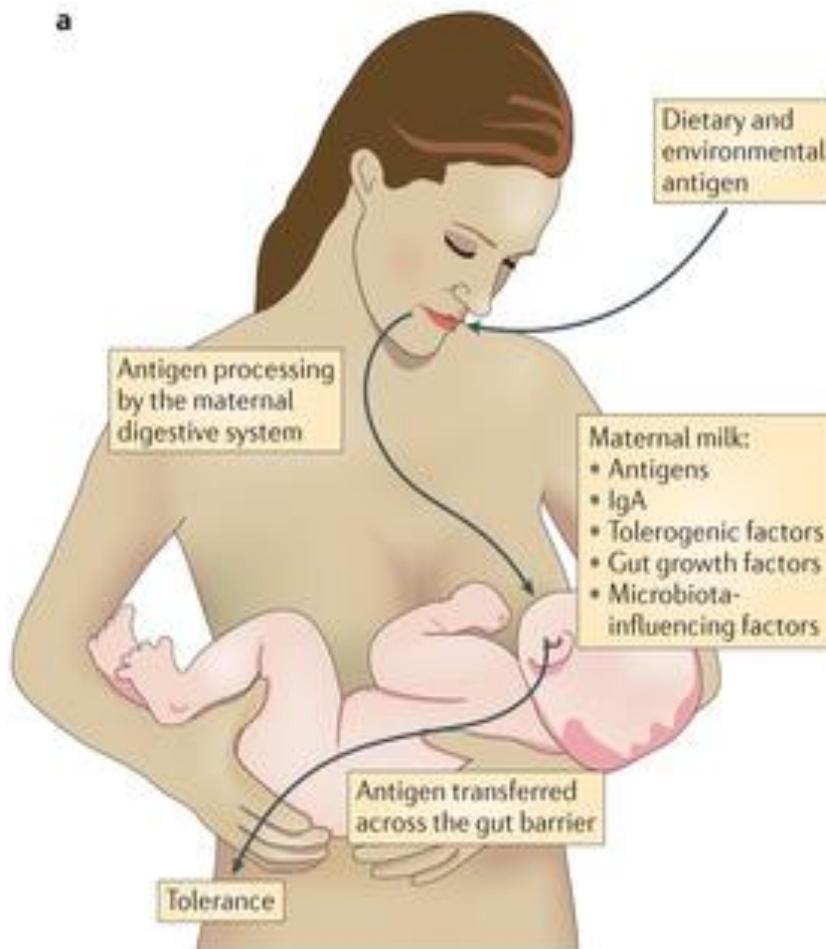
- ▶ Enzimski deficit, farmakološki čimbenici
- ▶ Blaže reakcije, nisu po život opasne
- ▶ Sporiji razvoj simptoma
- ▶ Ovisne o količini i učestalosti konzumiranja
- ▶ Stečene
- ▶ najčešće naslijedni čimbenici nisu važni



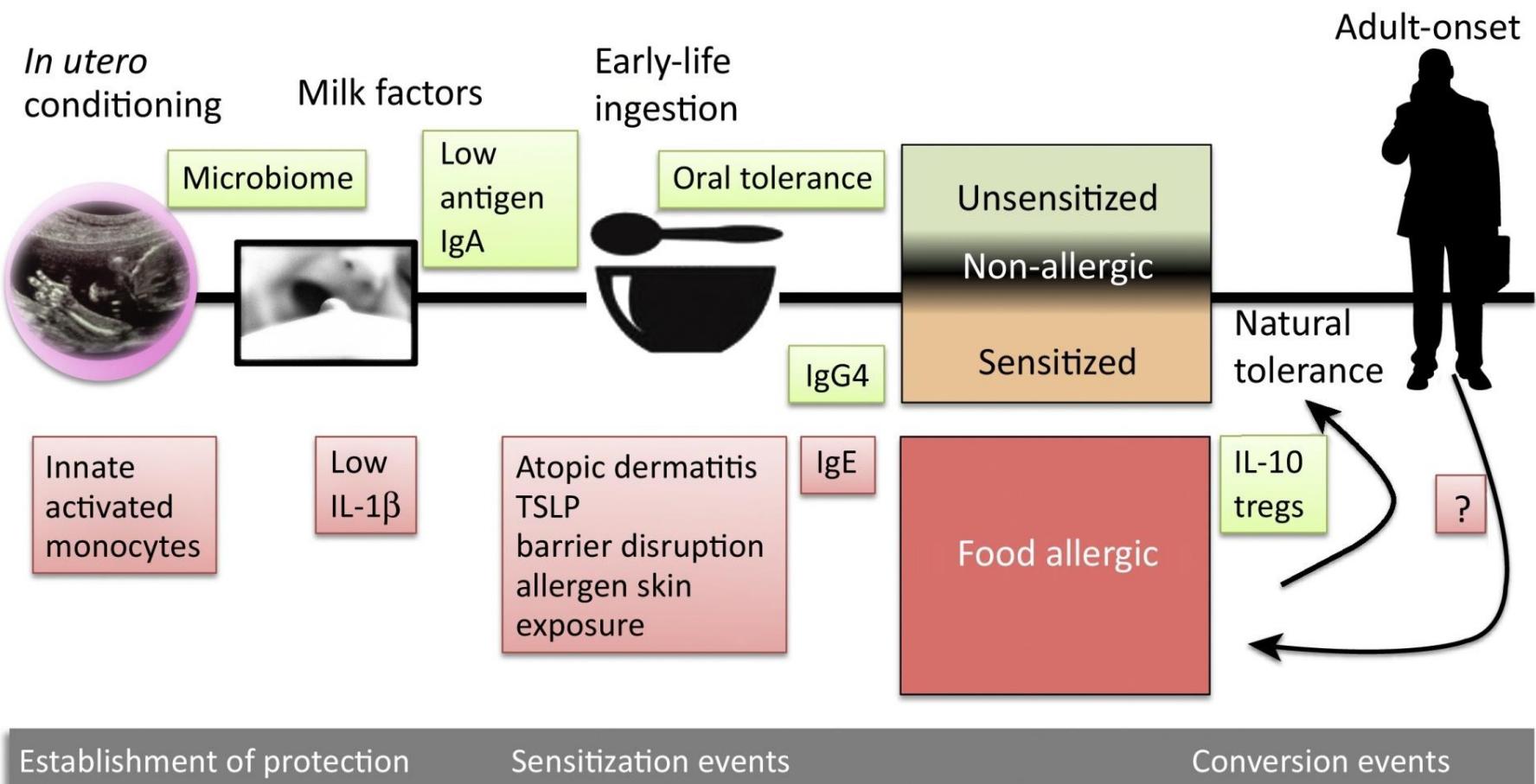
Kako i zašto se javlja alergija na hranu?



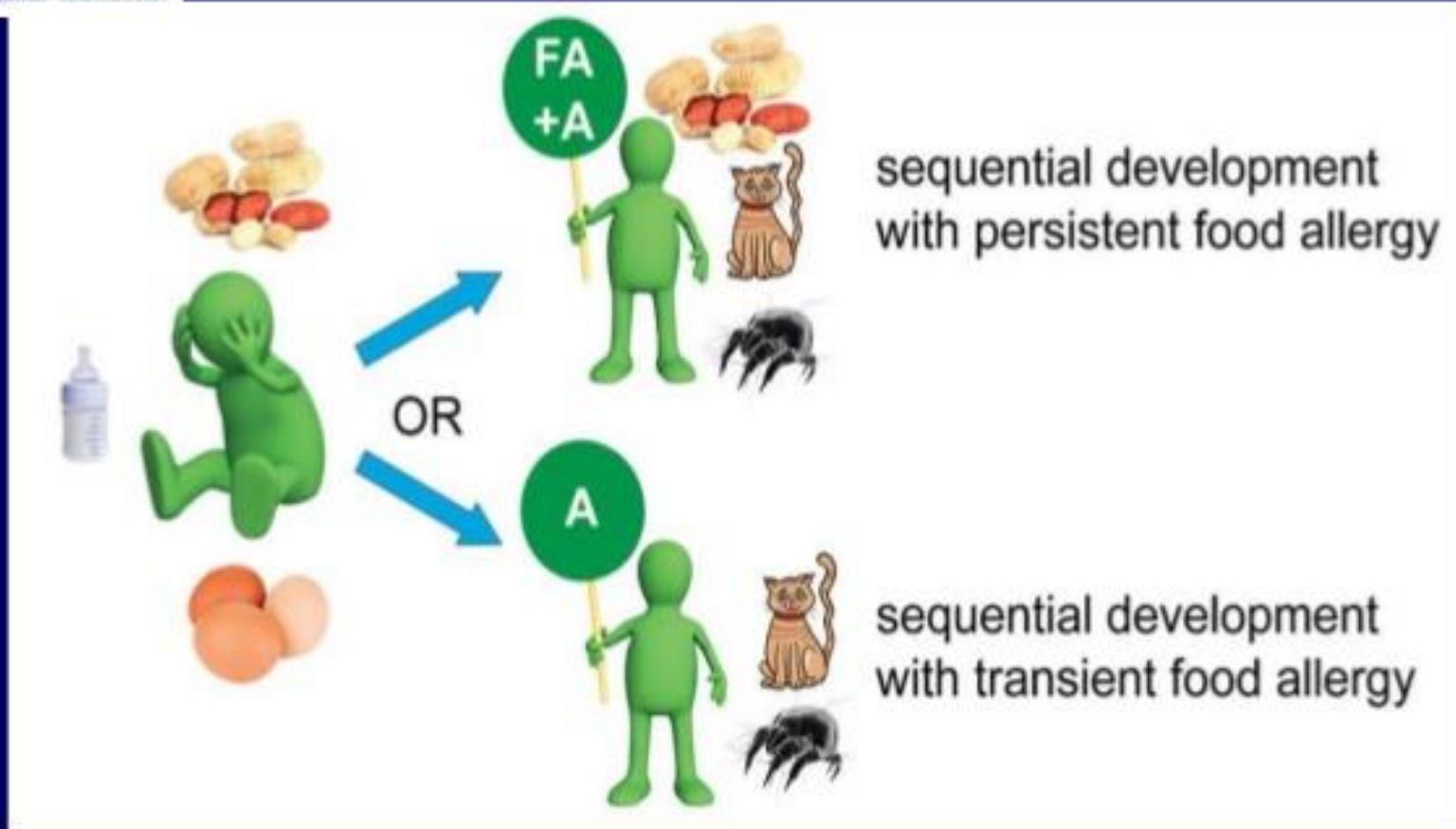
Rana senzibilizacija/tolerancija na antigene porijeklom iz hrane



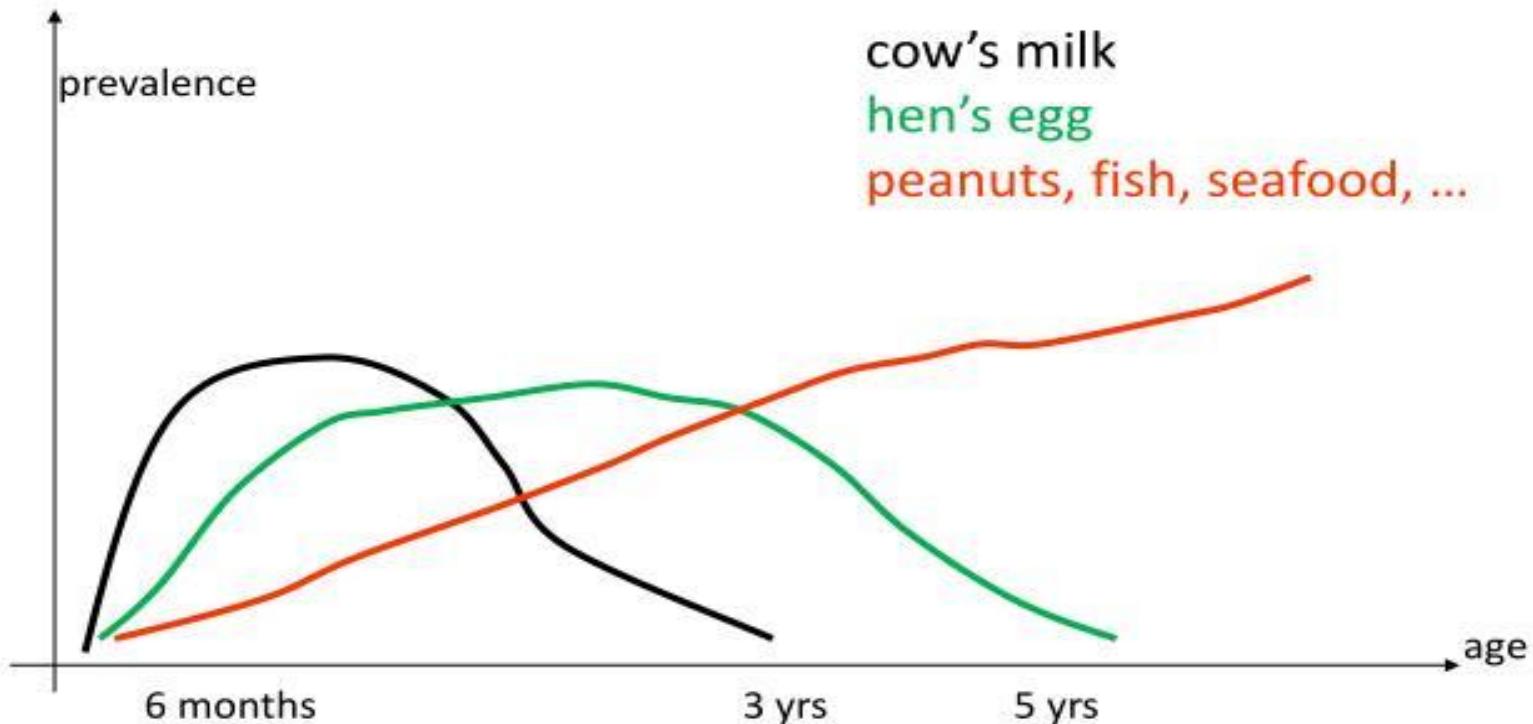
Alergija – tolerancija na hranu



Food Allergy as an antecedent to Asthma the Atopic March

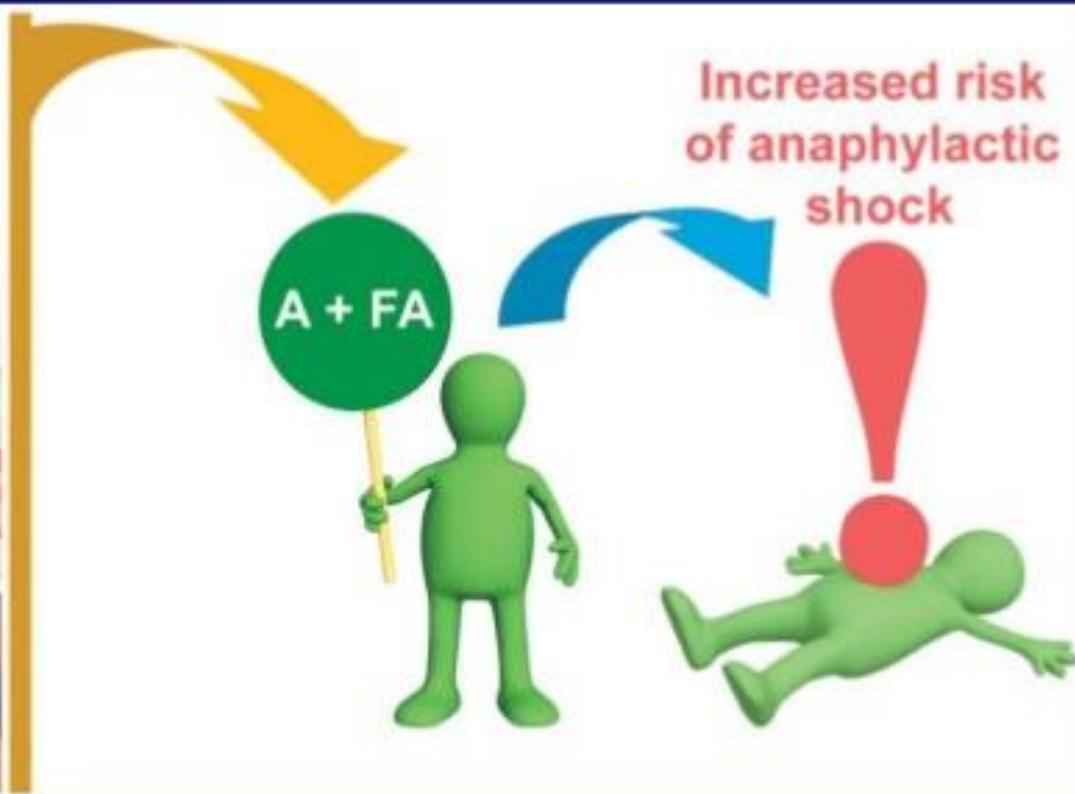


Every food has its own story...



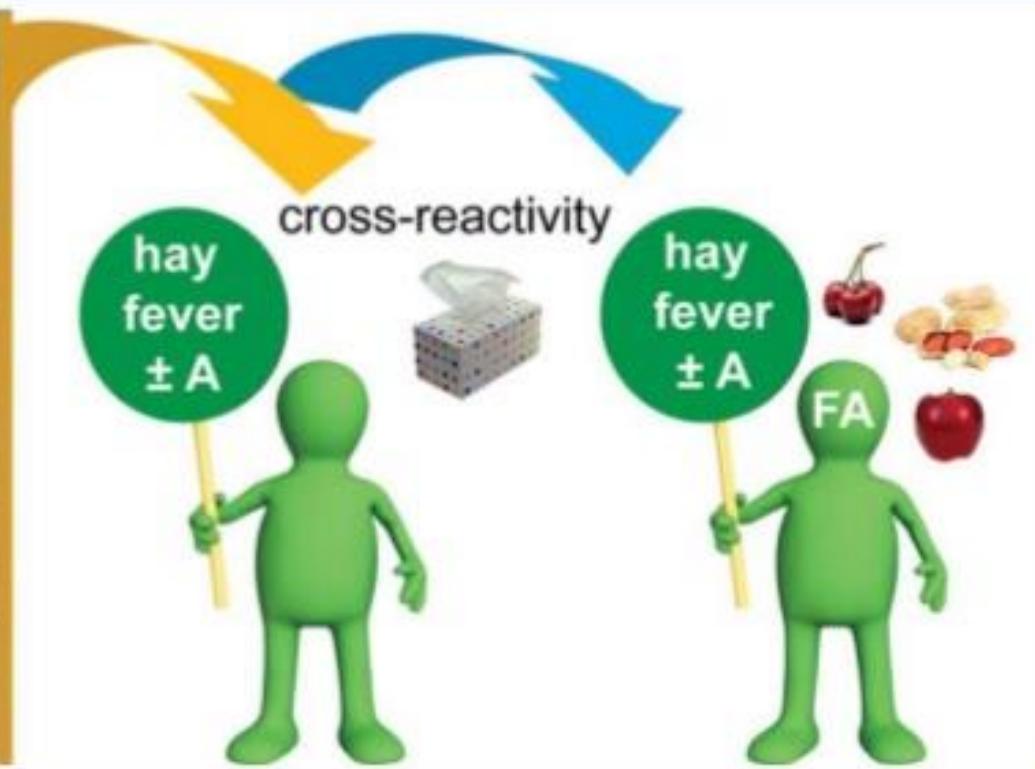


Food allergy and Asthma increased risk for anaphylaxis





Food allergy and Pollen Allergic Rhinitis Cross reactivity



Ekspozicija i senzibilizacija na nutritivne alergene



Oralna



Inhalacijom



kožni kontakt



Ekspozicija alergenima u hrani ”skriveni” alergeni, kros-kontaminacija



Alergeni porijeklom iz hrane



Glavni alergeni porijeklom iz hrane



PEANUTS



TREE
NUTS



MILK



EGGS



WHEAT



SOY



FISH



SHELLFISH

ICON-14 glavnih nutritivnih alergena

14 major
allergens



Crustaceans



Eggs



Fish



Peanuts



Soya



Milk



Tree Nuts



Celery



Mustard



Sesame



Sulphites



Lupin



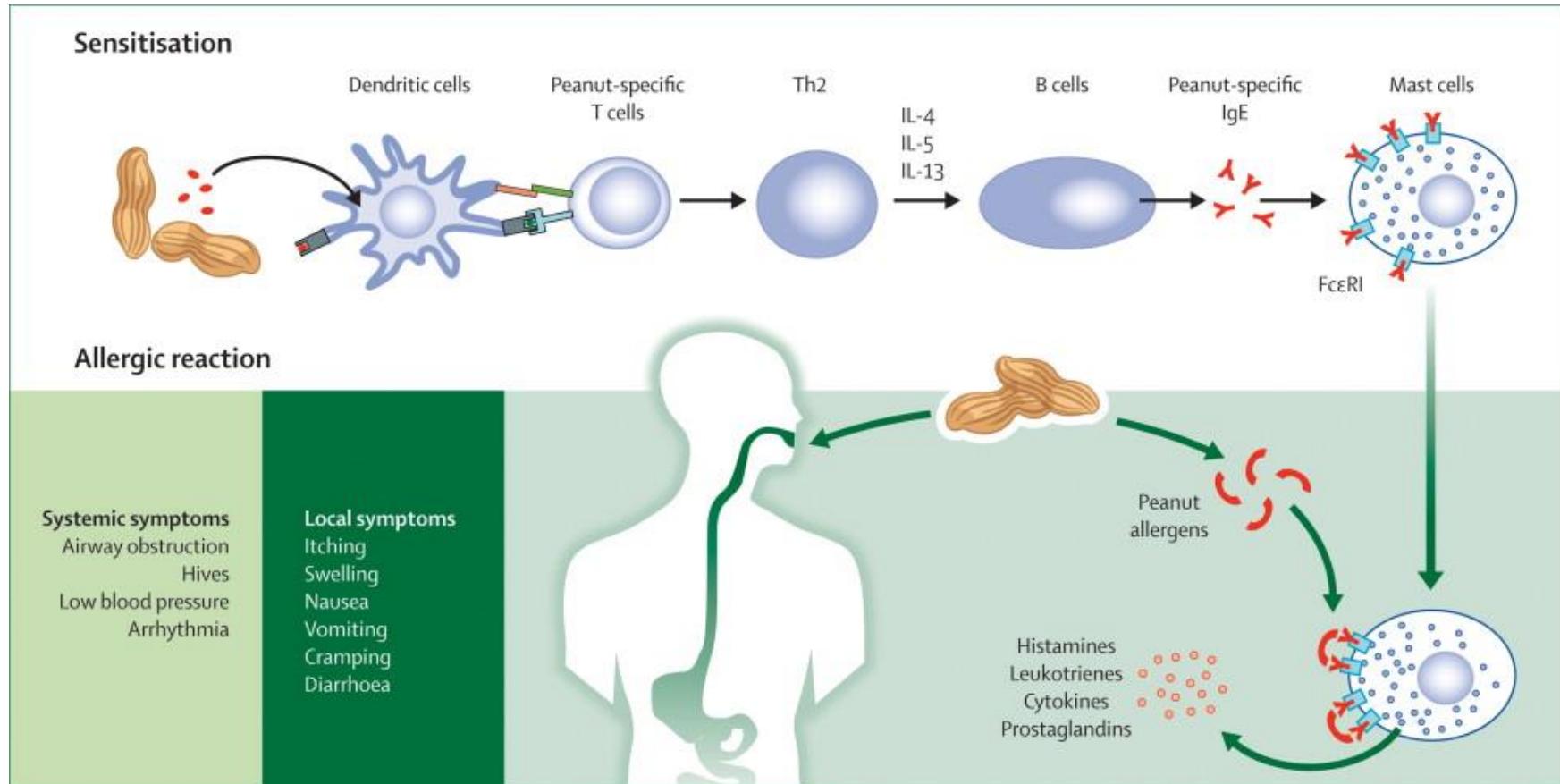
Molluscs



Gluten



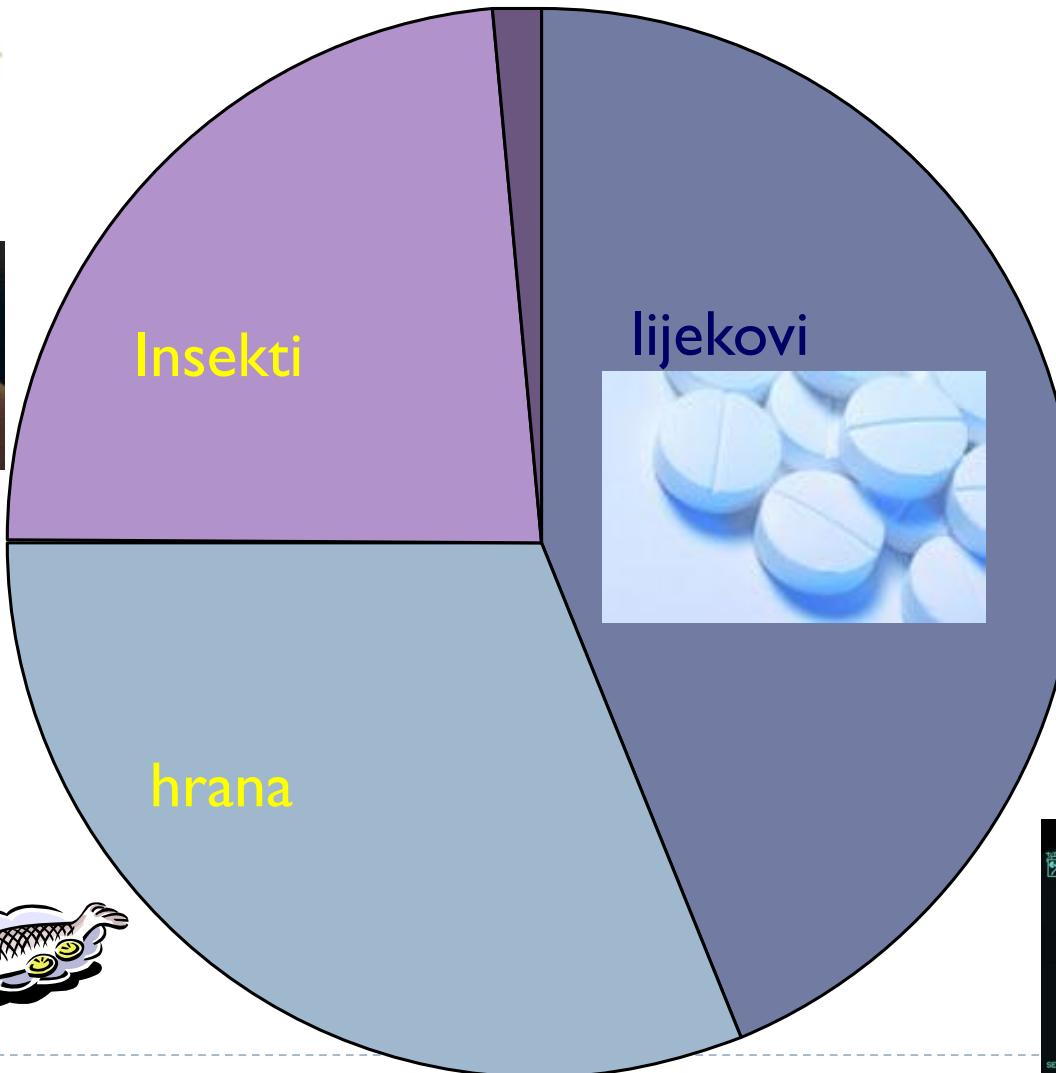
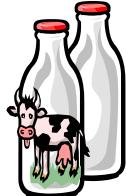
Osnovni patomehanizam alergije na hranu



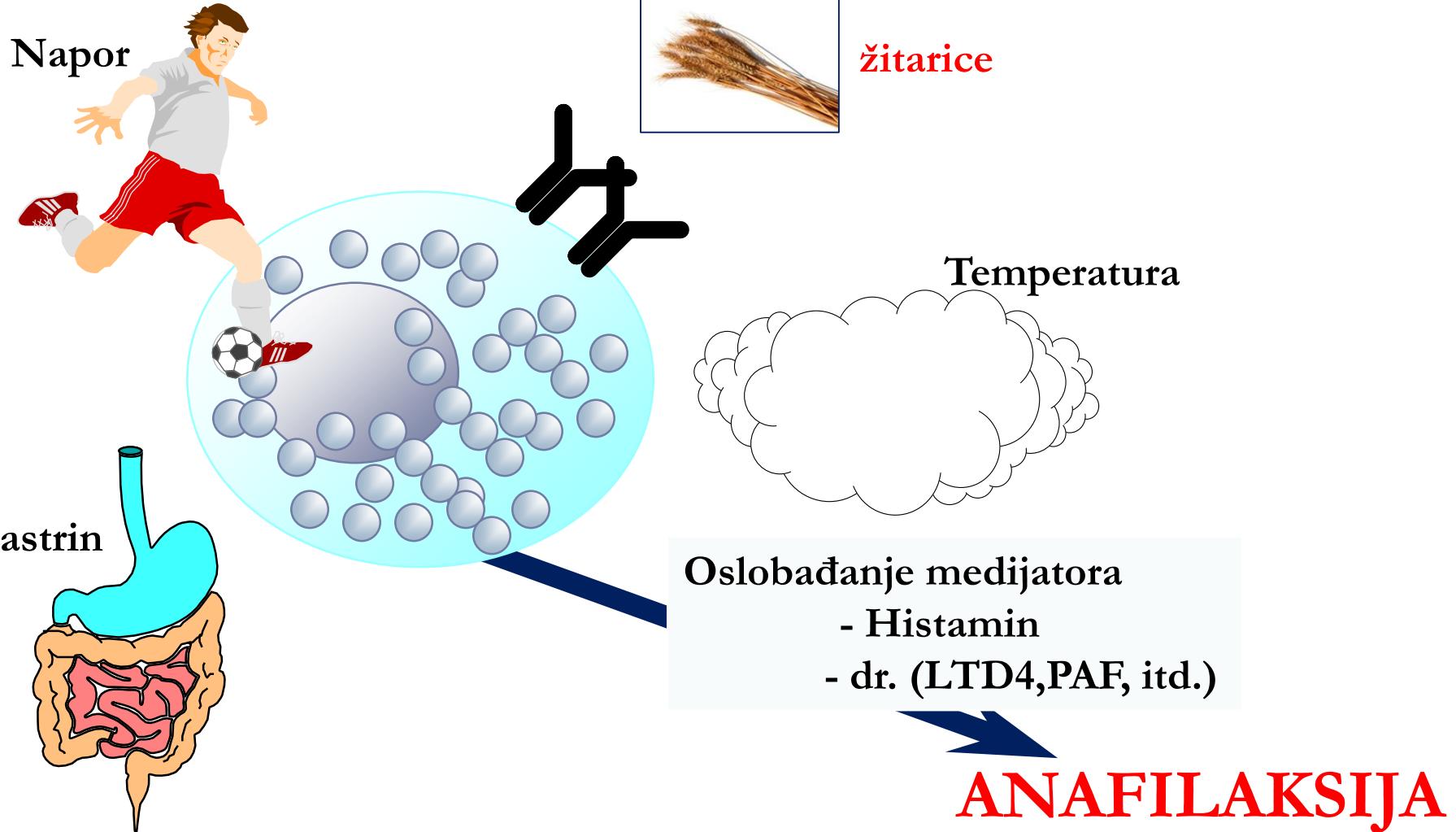
Cutaneous Manifestations of Food Allergy



Uzroci letalne anafilaksije



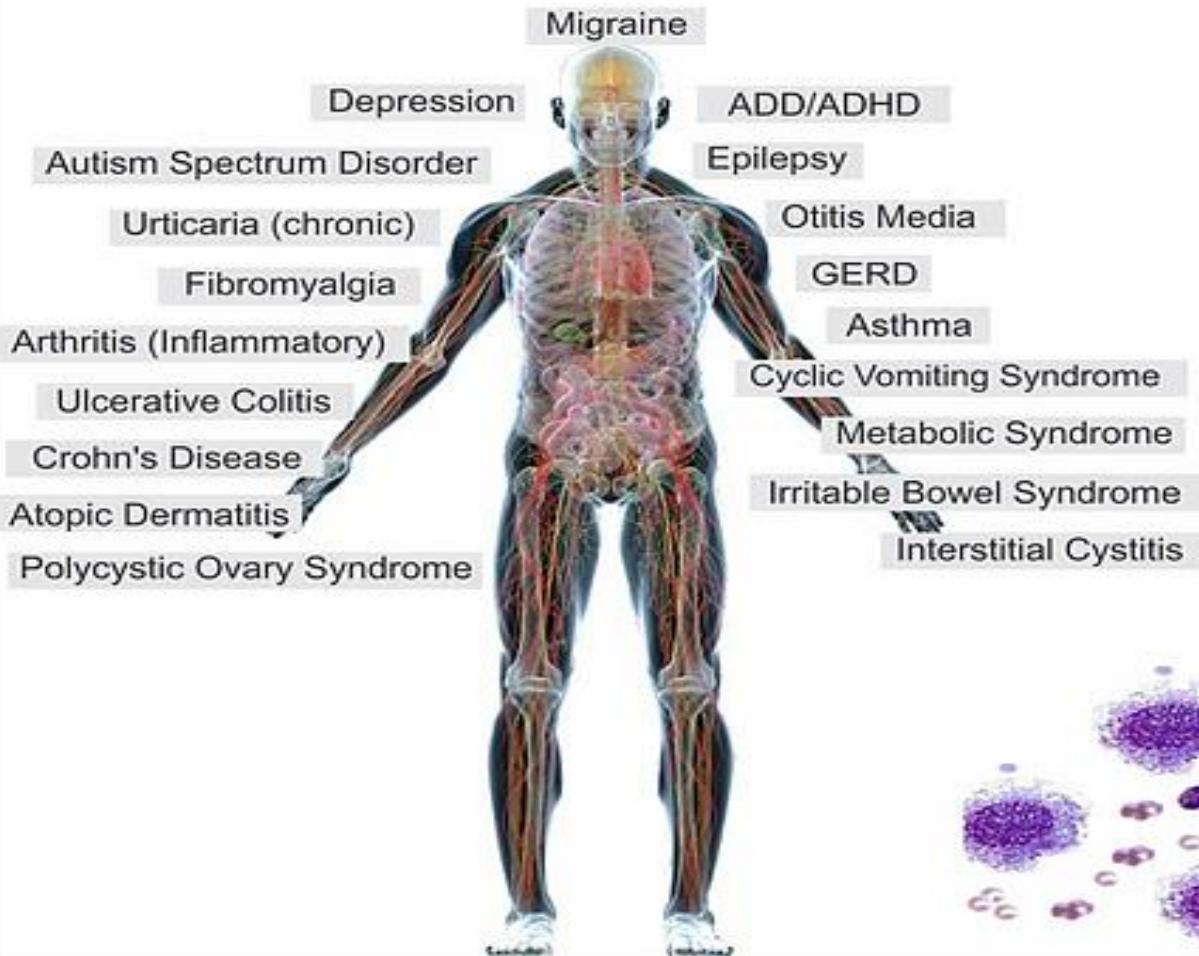
Anafilaksija u naporu povezana s hranom



- Triggering Mechanisms**
- Food antigens
 - Food chemicals
 - Haptens
 - Amines
 - Pharmacologic
 - Immune Complexes
 - IgG
 - IgA
 - IgM
 - Lectins

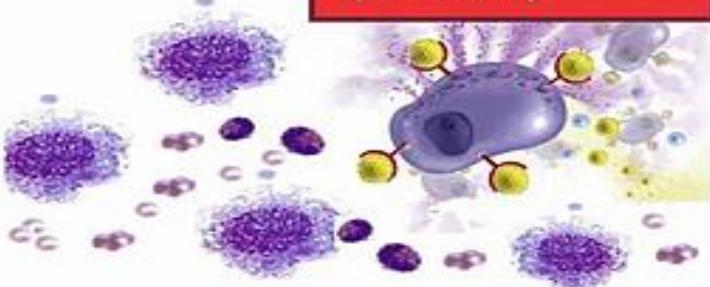
- Cellular Activation**
- Lymphocytes
 - Sensitized T-cells
 - T-Cells
 - NK Cells
 - K Cells
 - Eosinophils
 - Basophils
 - Monocytes
 - Neutrophils

- Mediator Release**
- Cytokines
 - Interleukins
 - Chemokines
 - TNFs
 - Interferons
 - Leukotrienes
 - Histamine
 - ECP, MPE, Amines
 - Prostaglandins
 - Others



Pathophysiologic Effects

- Inflammation
 - Subclinical
 - Clinical
- Tissue damage
- Pain receptor activation
- Smooth muscle contraction
- Edema
- Excess mucous
- Neurological
- Endocrine
- Increased gut permeability



Glavne komponente u dg. alergije na hranu

Anamneza i fizikalni pregled

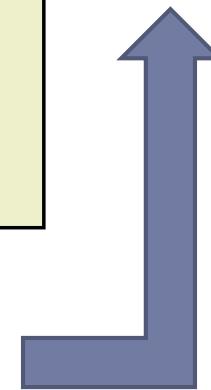
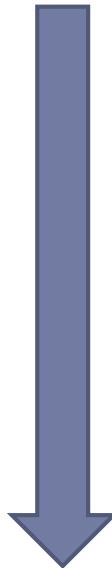
Simptomi vs ekspozicija

Dijagnostički testovi

Skin prick ili i.d. Ili APT
sIgE At i in vitro testovi (BAT)

Provokacijski Test

Oralni, DBPCOFC



In vivo dijagnostika alergije na hranu

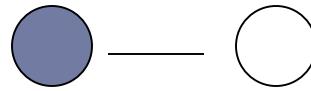


Provokacijski testovi na hranu

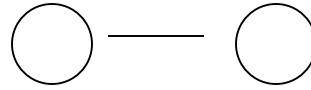
- ▶ **Dvostruko slijepi**



- ▶ **Jednostruko slijepi**



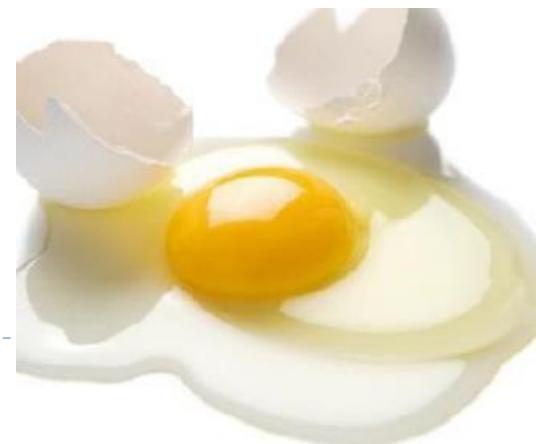
- ▶ **Otvoreni**



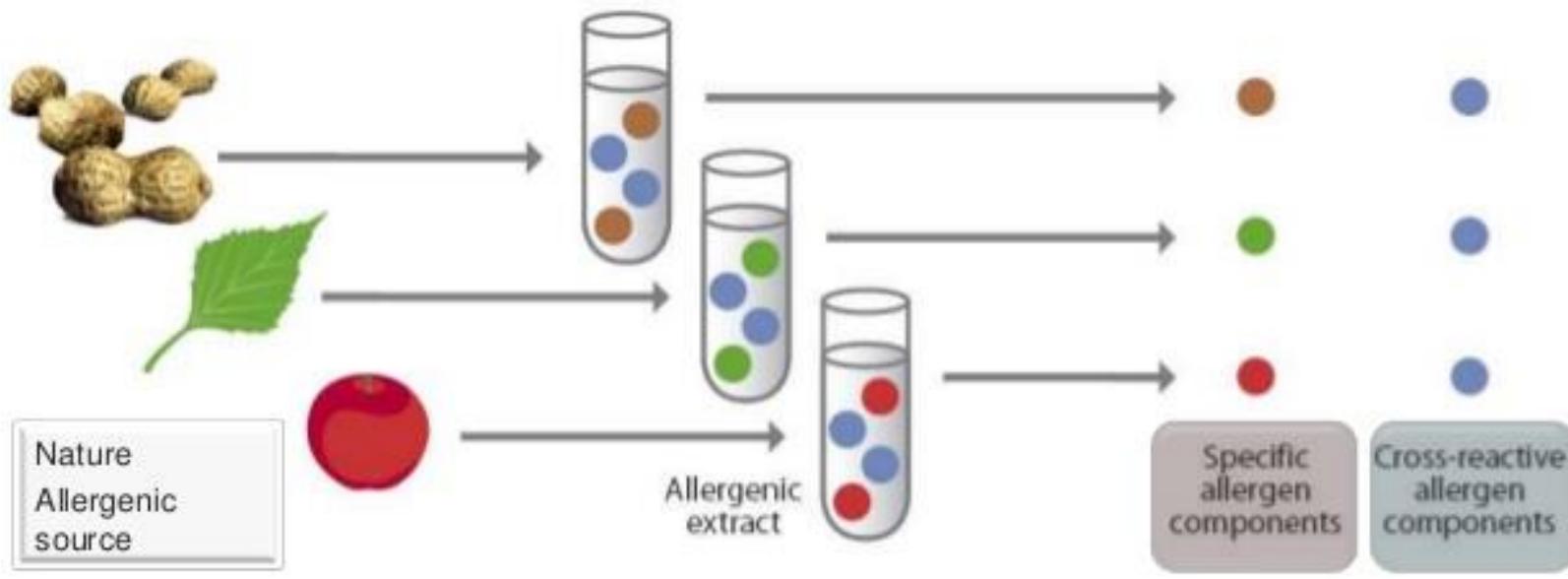
- ▶ **Dvostruko-slijepi placebo kontrolirani test (DBPCFC)**

- ▶ **Napor + oralni provokacijski test**

- ▶ **Inhalacijski provokacijski test**

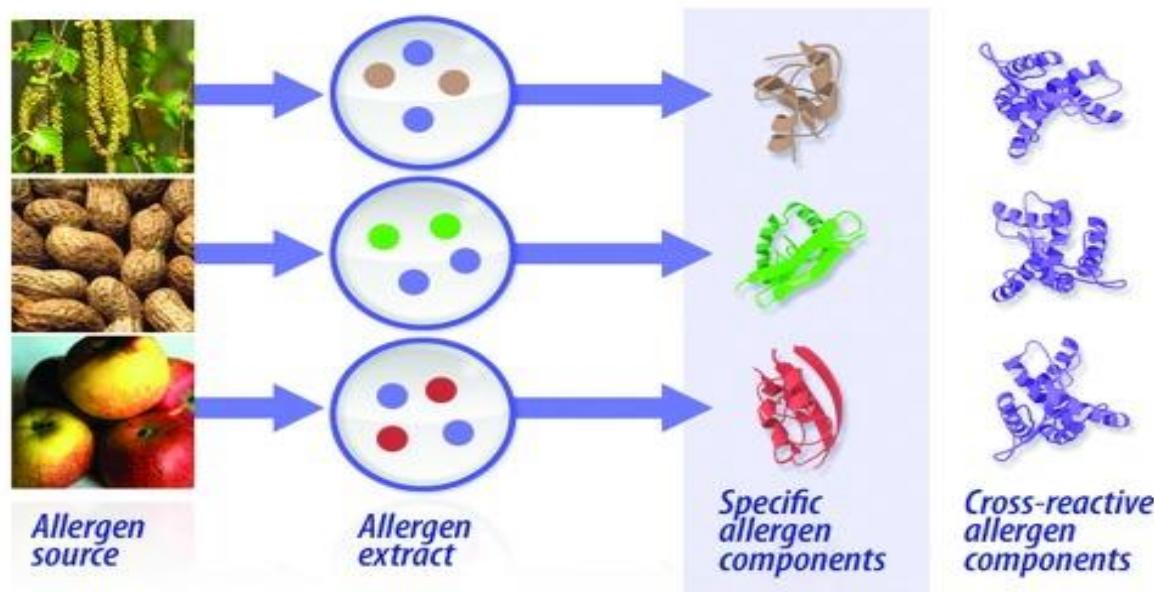


**Currently available tests detect only sensitization,
not clinical allergy, cannot predict prognosis and severity**



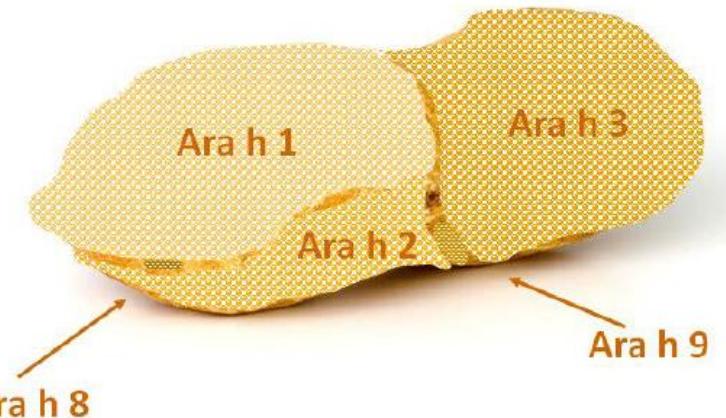
contain a mixture of allergenic and
non-allergenic molecules

Alergenski ekstrakti- *in vitro* dijagnostika

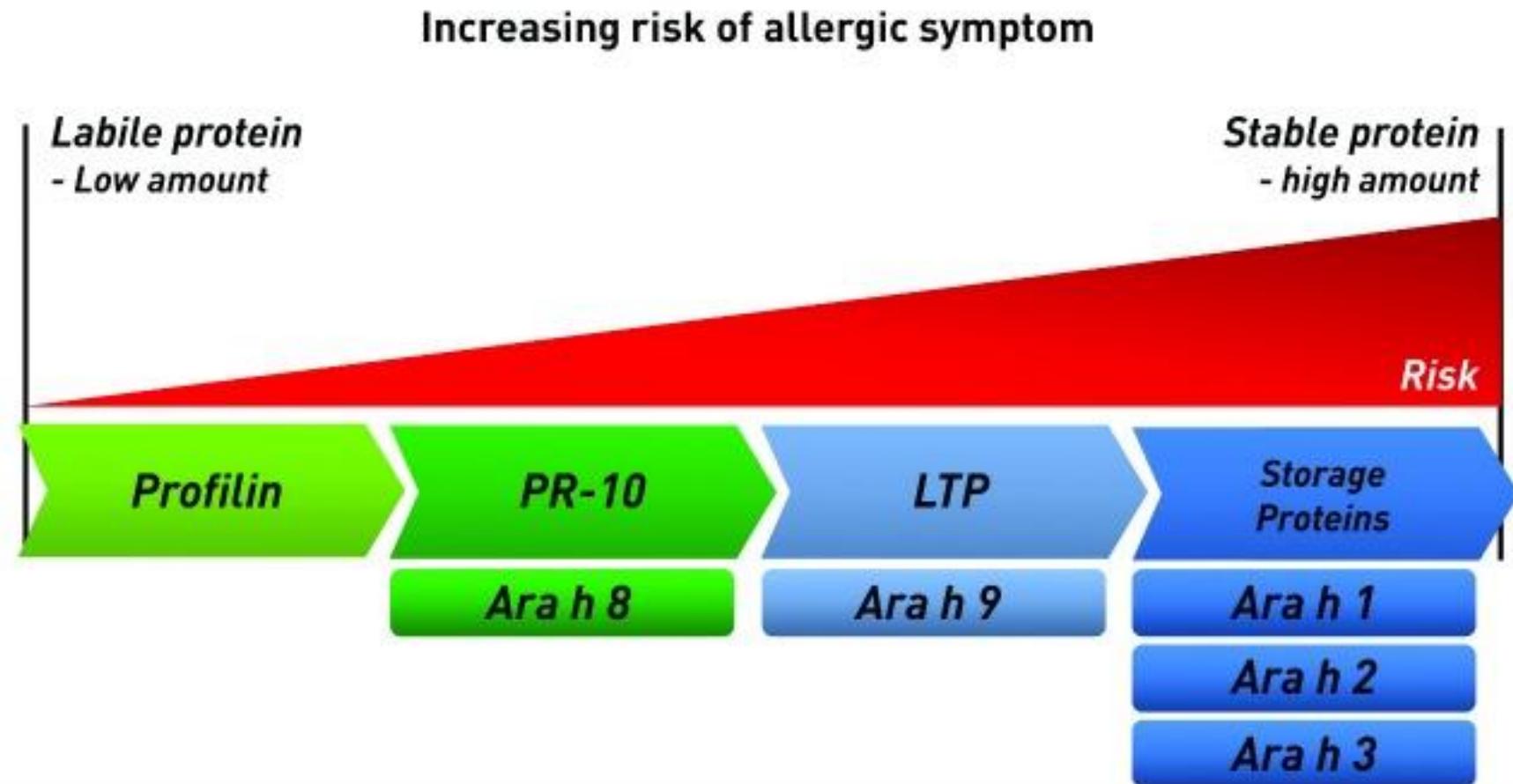


Uloga molekularne dijagnostike – primjer alergije na kikiriki

- ▶ Cca 10% djece senzibilizirano na kikiriki
- ▶ Samo 1-2% alergično (simptomi +)
- ▶ Od njih samo dio ima rizik za pojavu anafilaksije
- ▶ Rizik ovisan o alergiji na komponente kikirikija
- ▶ Alergija na “stabilne” komponente (Ara h 1, 2, 3) – veći rizik od anafilaksije



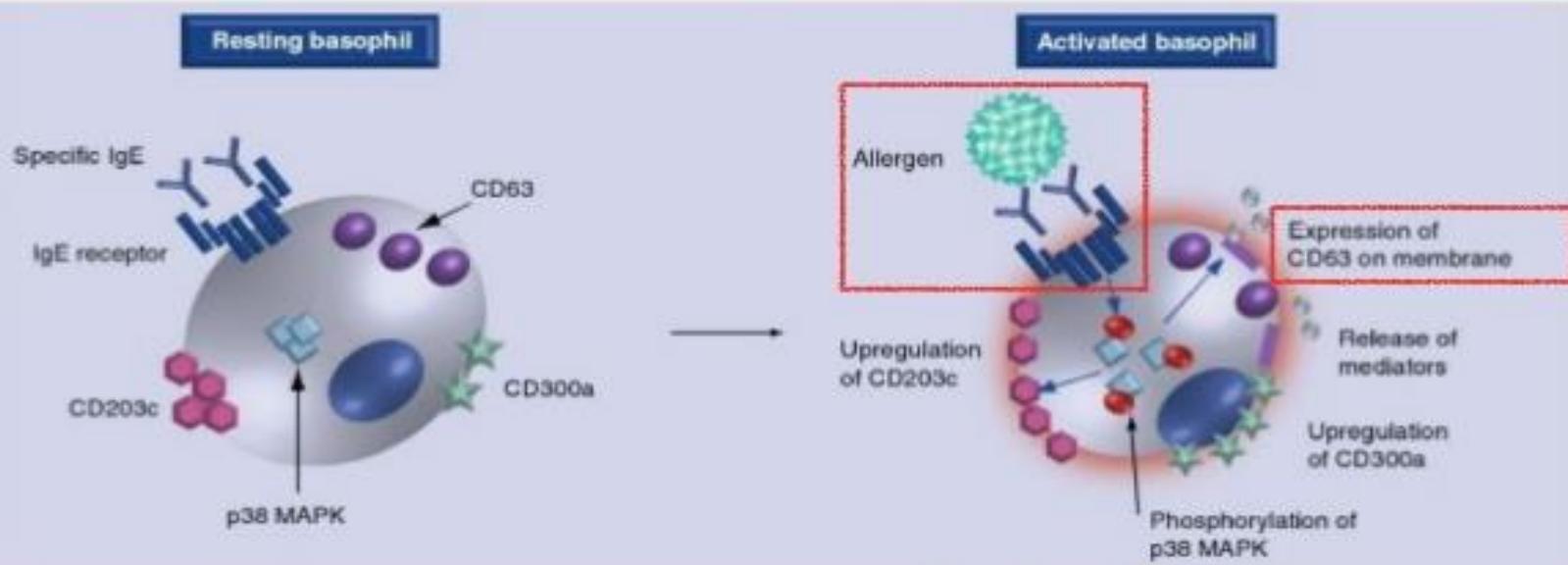
Alergija na kikiriki





Basophil activation test (BAT)

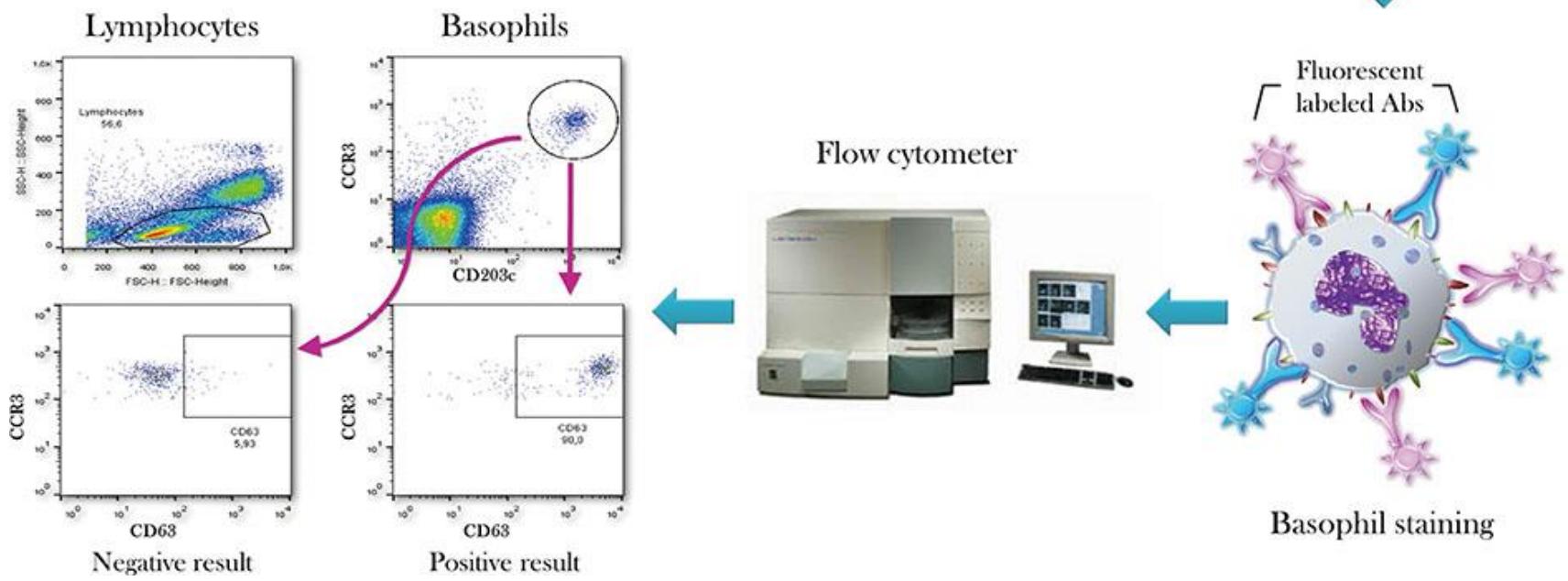
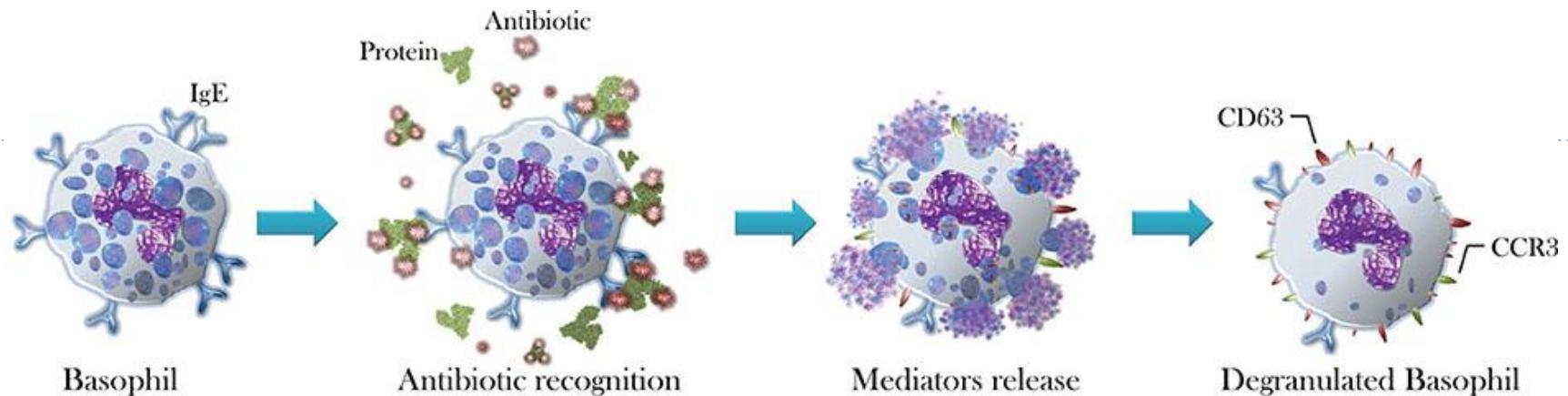
Medscape



Source: Expert Rev Clin Immunol © 2011 Expert Reviews Ltd

Before test : Basophil > 50 cells





Liječenje alergija na hranu

How to Help Your **BODY KICK FOOD ALLERGIES**



© Tijana87 / iStock / Thinkstock



Liječenje alergijskih reakcija na hranu

- ▶ Nema učinkovite, etiološke terapije
 - ▶ (od FDA ili EMA odobrene th.)
- ▶ Eliminacijska dijeta je jedina mjera prevencija alergijskih reakcija
- ▶ Epinefrin je ključni u liječenju teških alergijski reakcija
- ▶ Nova th.–AIT
 - ▶ SCIT
 - ▶ oralna
 - ▶ sublingualna
 - ▶ epikutana
 - ▶ rektalna
- ▶ .



Several promising Approaches for the Allergen-specific Immunotherapy in Food Allergy



subcutaneous



sublingual



rectal



oral

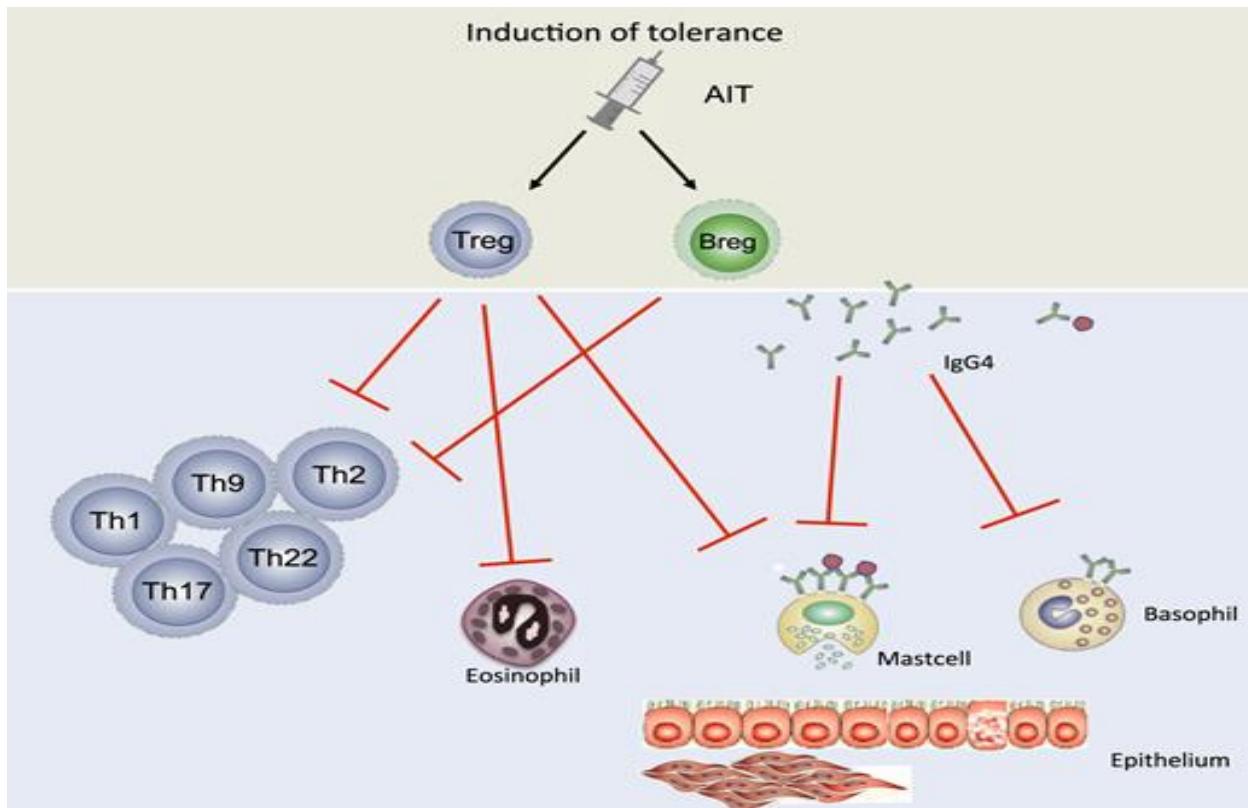


epicutaneous

Subkutana imunoterapija u liječenju alergije na hranu

FDA; No licensed immunotherapy products are available for the treatment of food allergy!

SCIT- učinkovitost oko 50%, nuspojave - opasne !



Metode alergen specif. imunoterapije u liječenju nutritivne alergije

► Oralna IT (OIT)

- Guta se s hranom
- Otvorene ili "slijepe" studije
- mg – g hrane



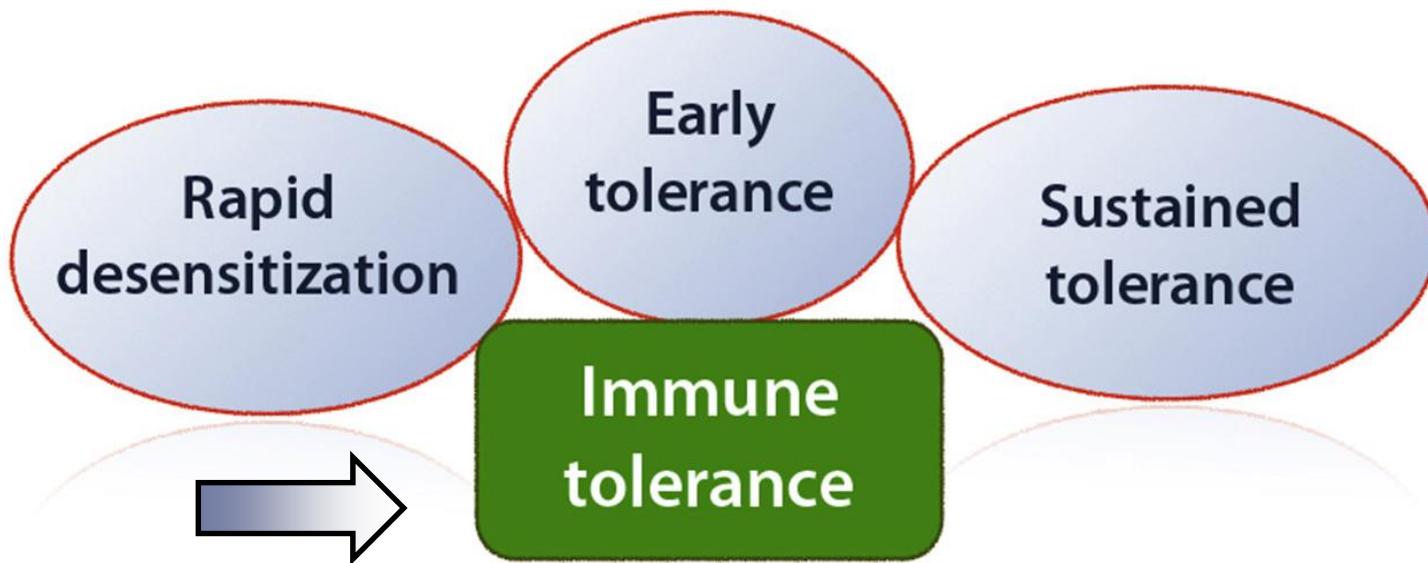
Sublingvalna imunoterapija



- ▶ Male doze
- ▶ Sigurnija, manje nuspojava
- ▶ Nije jednako učinkovita kao OIT
- ▶ Ufazi istraživanja
 - ▶ Kl. studije faze 2.
- ▶ Mlijeko, kikiriki, lješnjak, breskva, kivi



Mechanisms of AIT

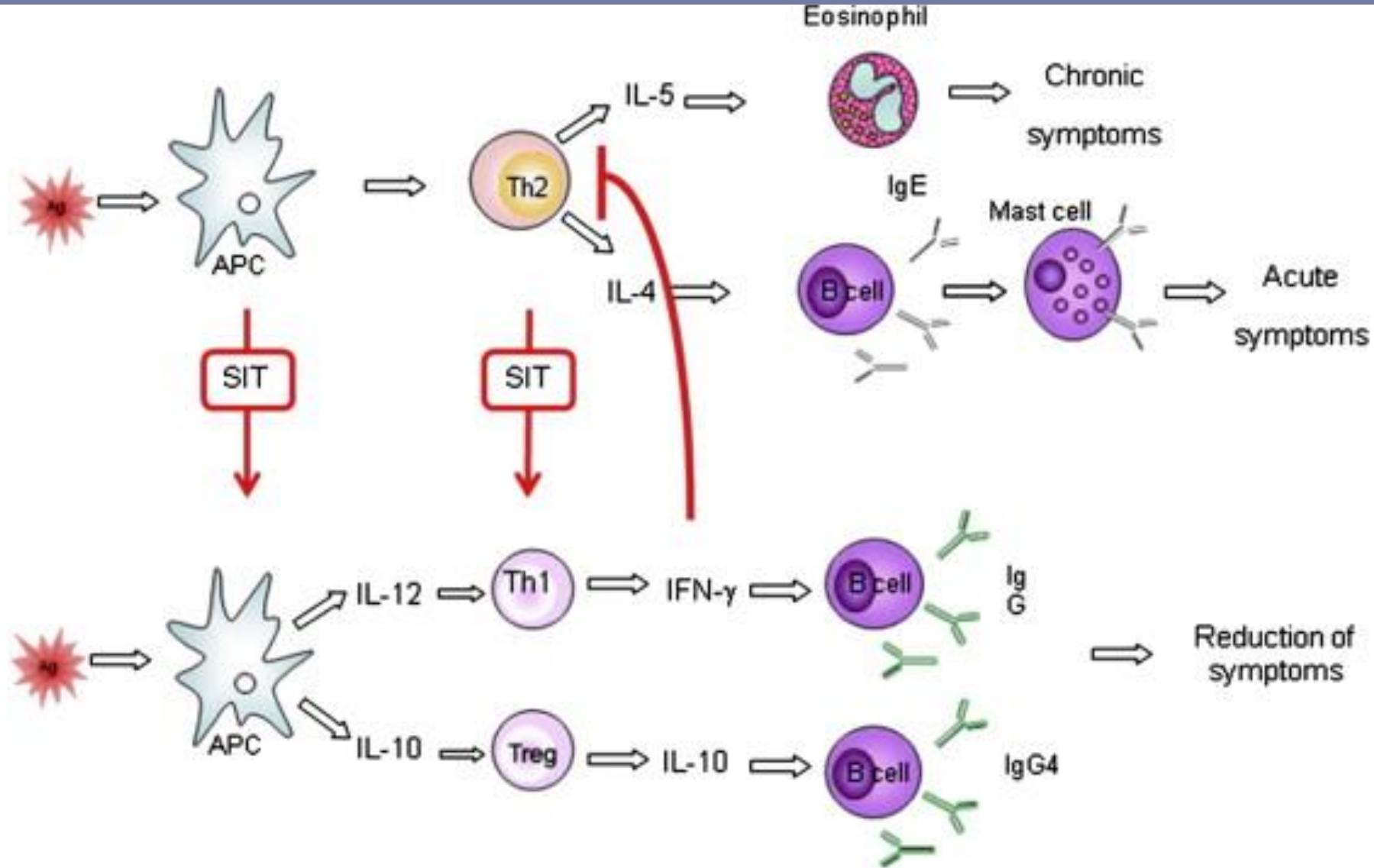


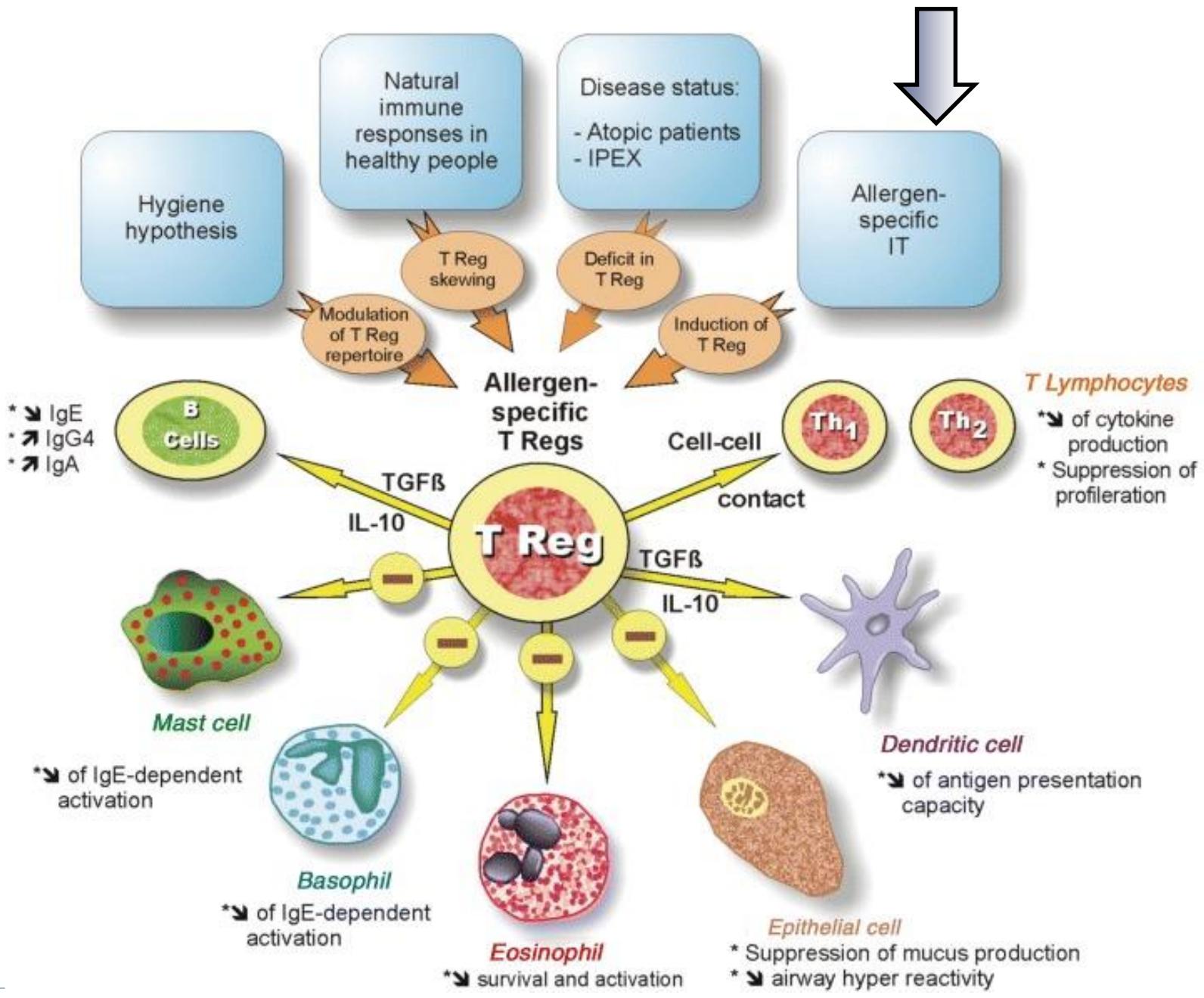
Effector cell desensitization

- IgE
- Mast cell and Basophil
- Mediators - Histamine signal

Increased Treg/Breg cells
Increased Th1/Th2
Increased IgG4 >
Decreased IgE
Decreased tissue inflammation
Decreased mast cells and
eosinophils and their
mediators in tissues

Osnovni patomehanizam AIT-a



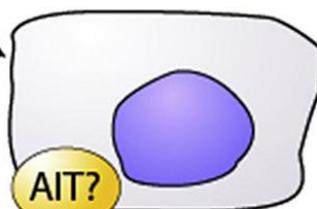


AIT i prirođeni imuni odgovor

B

Allergens,
Toxins,
Pollutants

Innate Immunity



Epithelial cell

TS LP
IL-25
IL-31
IL-33



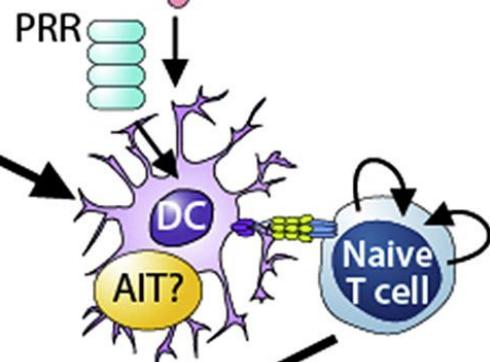
IL-4
IL-13

iNKT
cells

↓AIT

TS LP
IL-25
IL-31
IL-33

PRR



Naive T cell

Th2

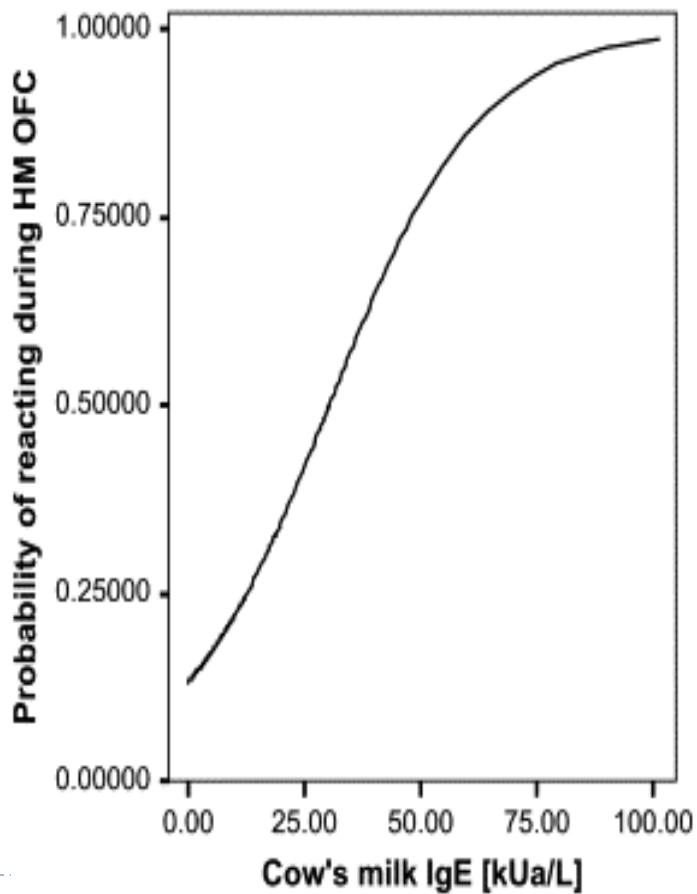
↓AIT

IL-4, IL-5, IL-9, IL13

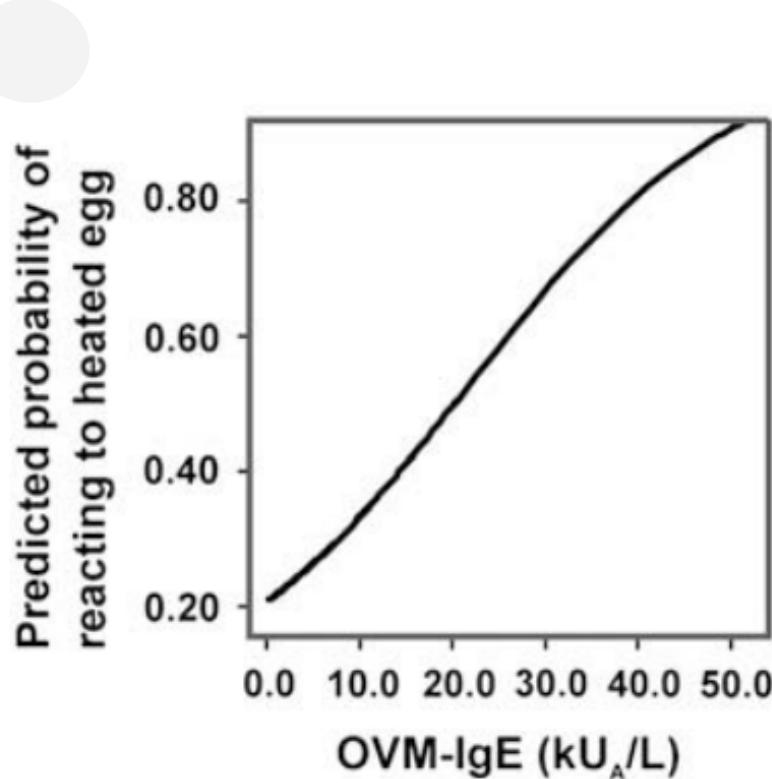
Adaptive Immunity

Desenzibilizacija na KM/jaja

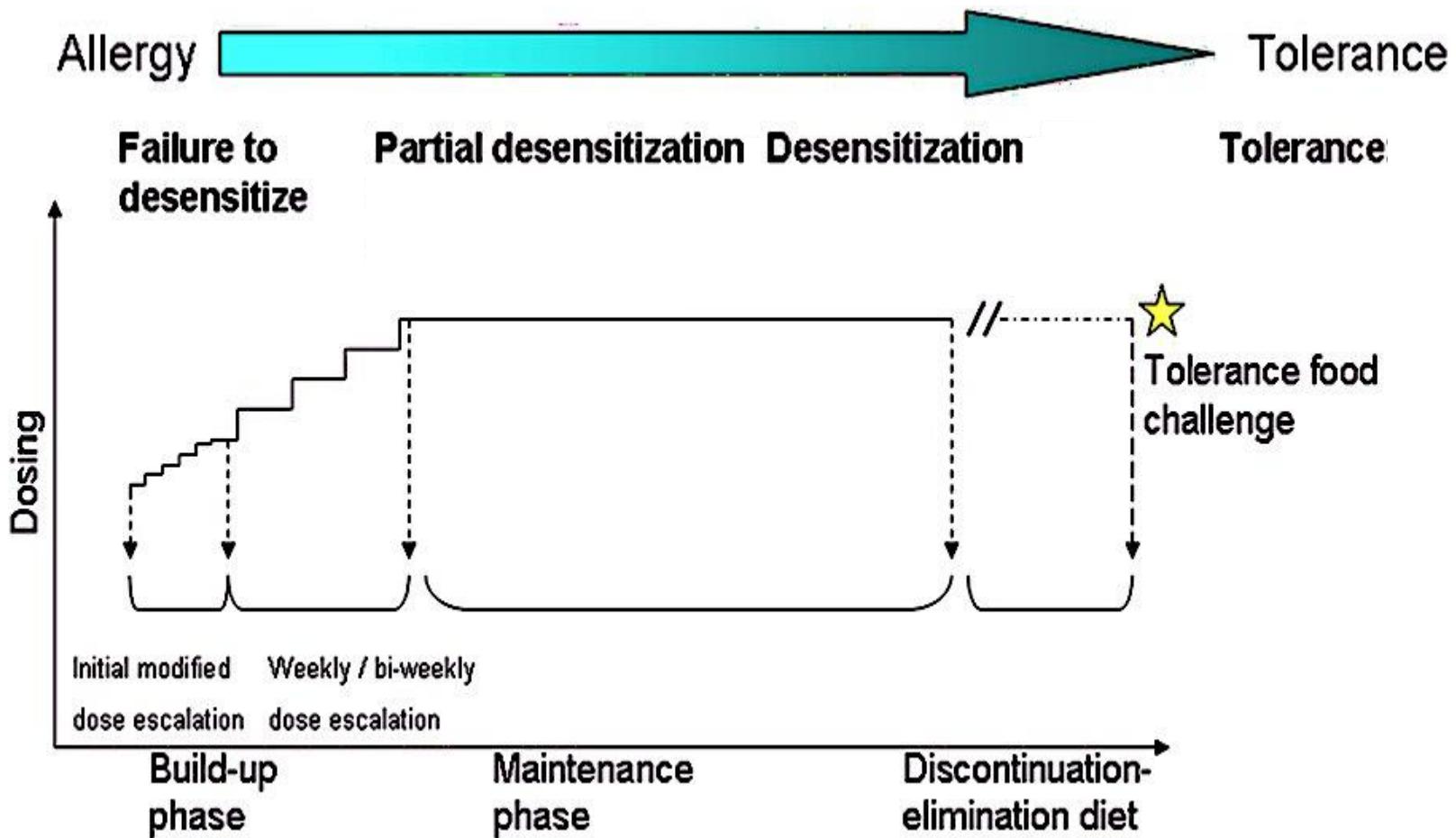
¾ djece alergične na KM
toleriraju kuhano KM



Preko ½ djece alergičnoa na jaja
toleriraju pečeno jaje

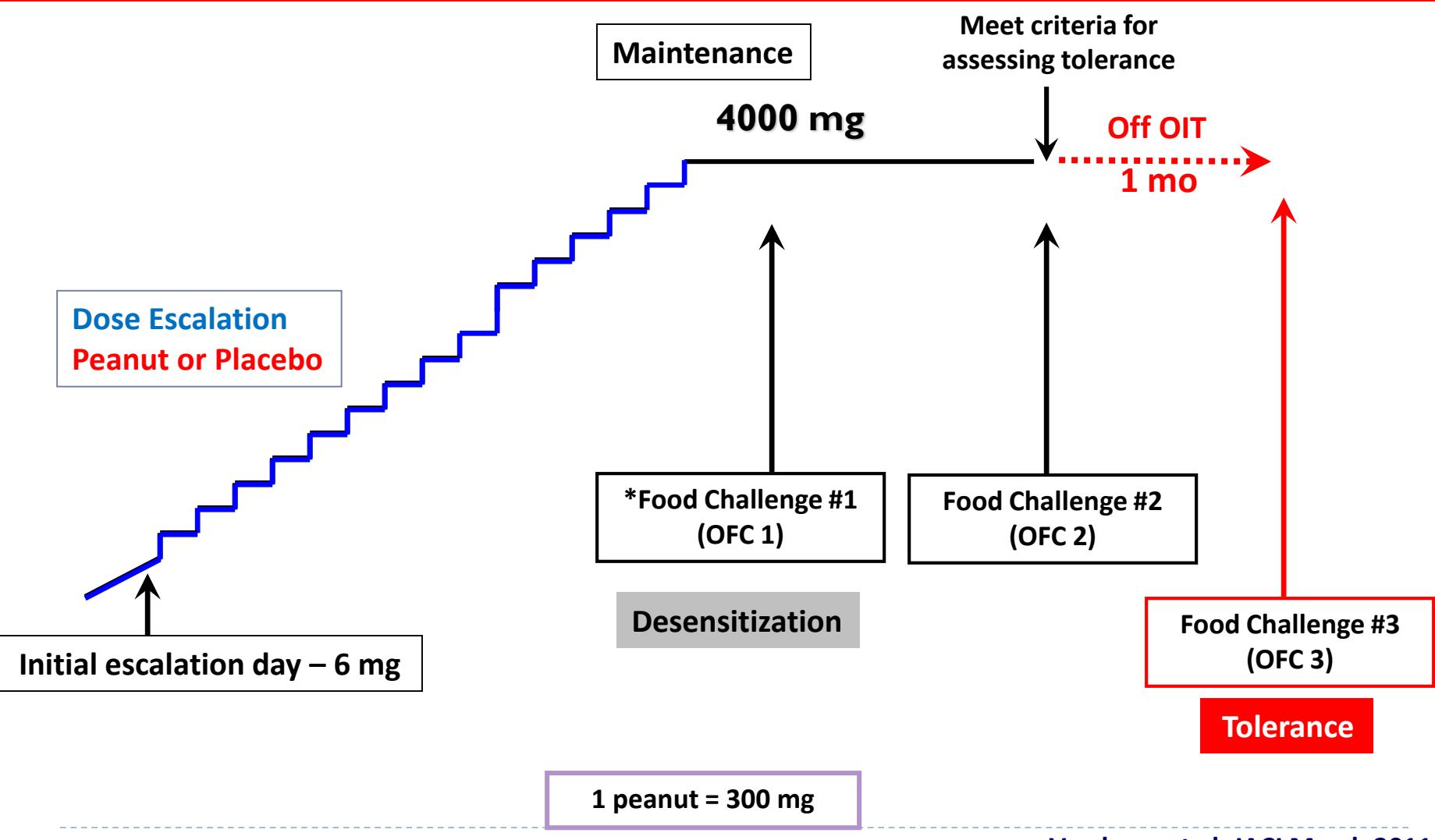


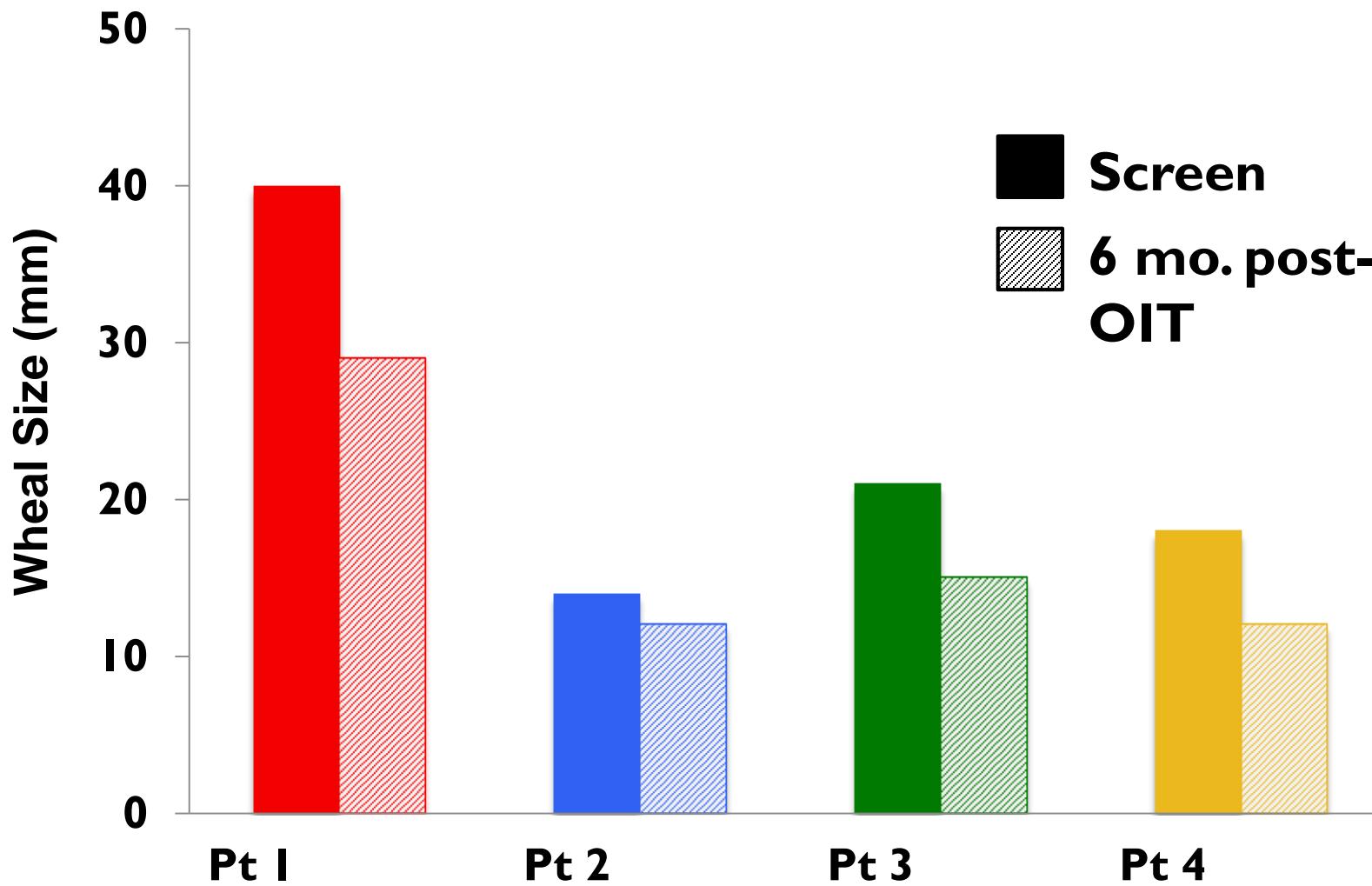
Način primjene OIT



Nowak-Wegrzyn JACI March 2011

Dizaj studije: DBRCT- OIT s kikirikijem Duke and Arkansas



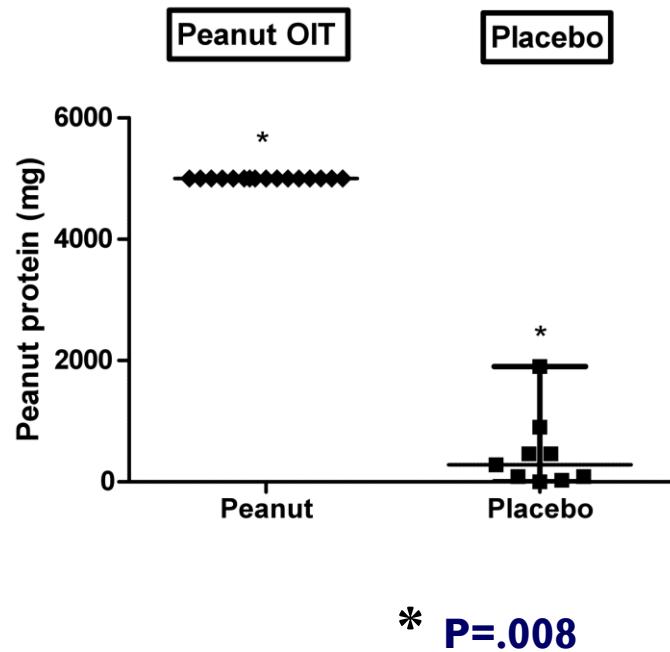


OIT-kikiriki – klinički značajna desensitizacija i supresija aktivacije mastocita

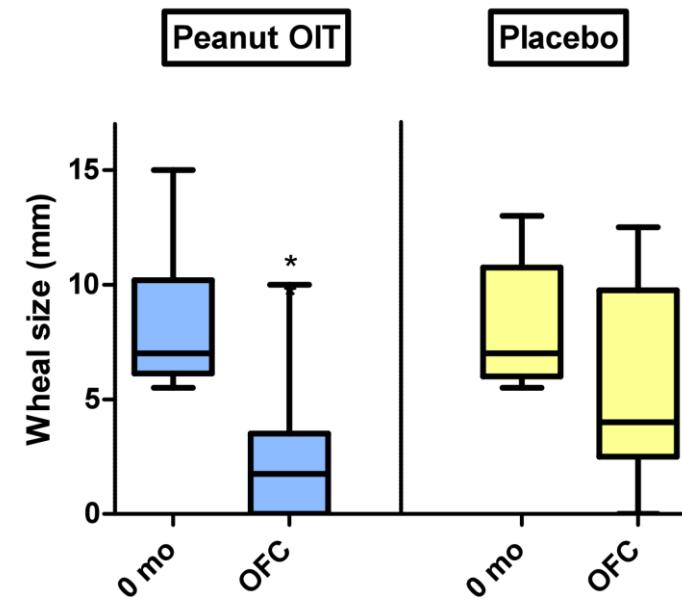
- 25 subjects – 16 - active treatment; 9 – placebo (3 withdrew)

- Any peanut-allergic subject – unless accompanied by significant hypotension
- All subjects - maximum dose of 6 mg (initial day); 4000 mg during build-up

Peanut OFC I

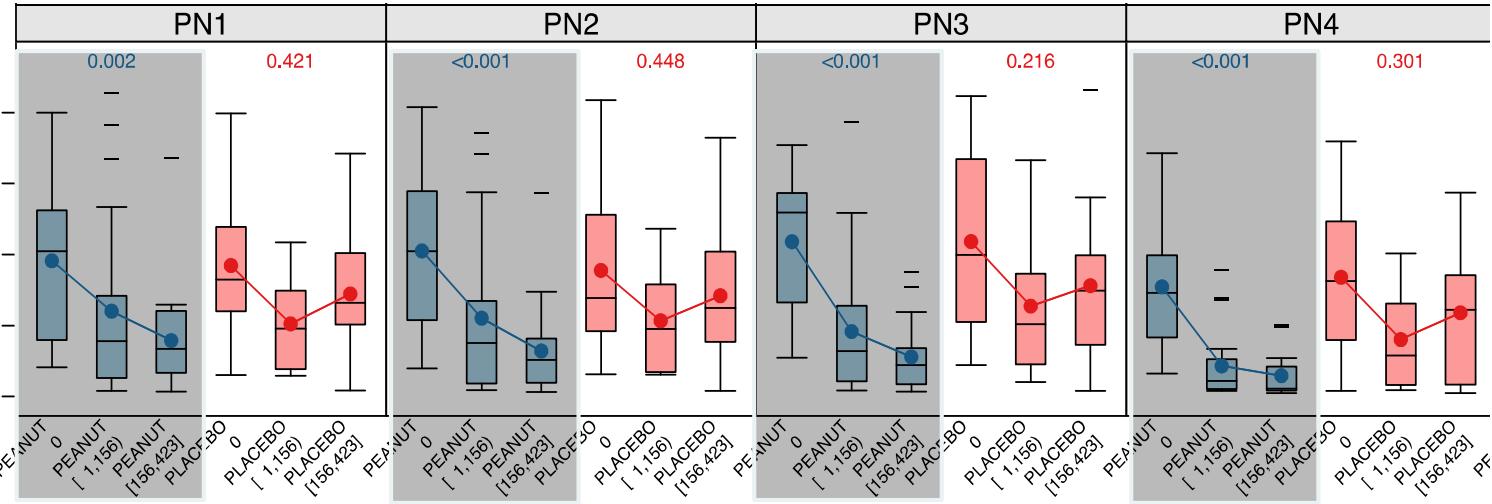


Peanut SPT



Varshney et al. JACI March 2011

Antigen specifična supresija aktivacije Bazofila – CD63% Hi

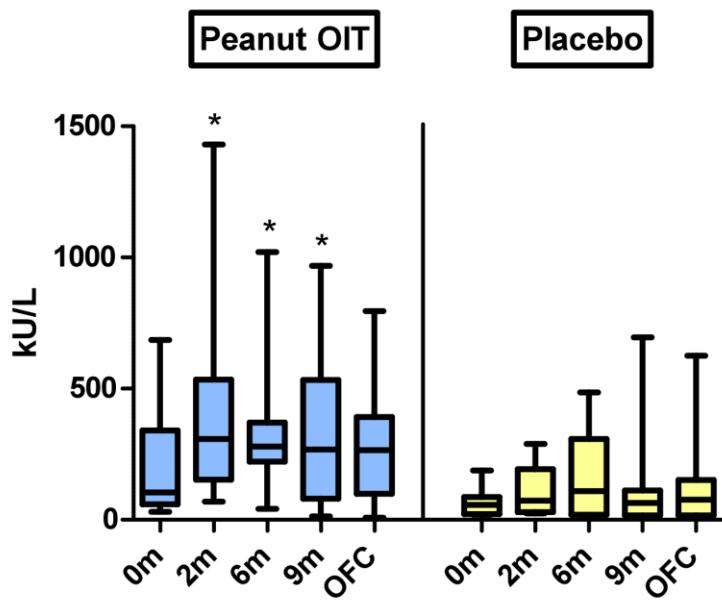


- 4 concentrations of peanut cultured with subject's cells at each time point – 0, 6 and 12 months (PN1, PN2, PN3, PN4)
- Significant change in basophils – CD63% over time on OIT

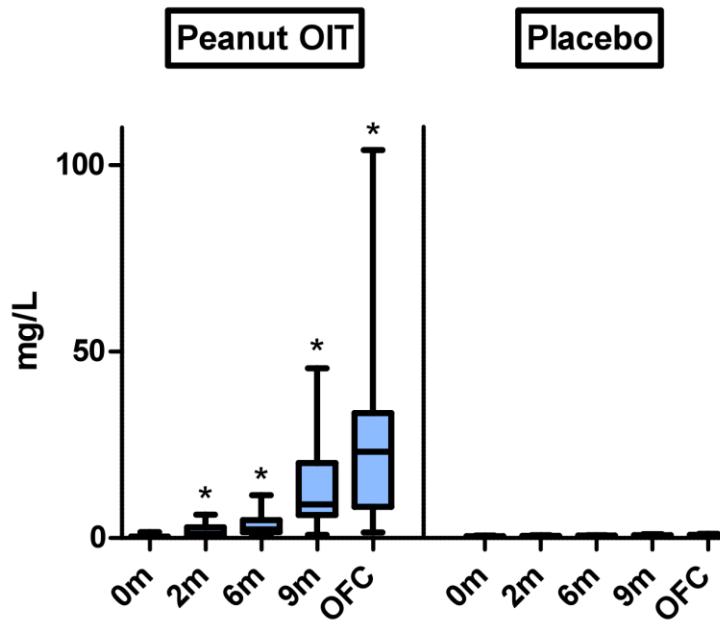
Thyagarajan,
Shreffler et al.
AAAAI 2009

Kikiriki slgE and slgG4 u serumu tijekom OIT

Peanut IgE



Peanut IgG4

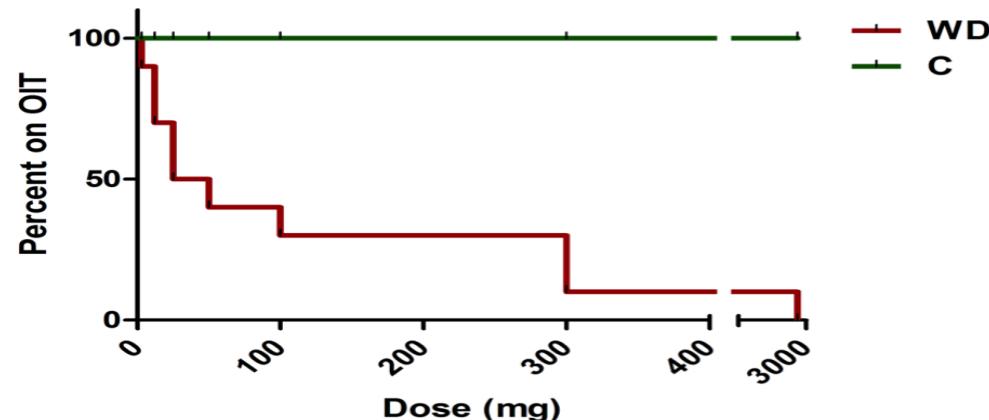


Varshney et al. JACI March 2011



Sigurnost OIT

- ▶ Čimbenici rizika za pojavu rekacija tijekom OIT
 - ▶ febrilitet, virusna infekcija, napor, menses (Varshney JACI 2009)
- ▶ Pojava simptoma tijekom prvih ~15-25% doze alergena
 - ▶ Uglavnom blagi, orofaringealni
 - ▶ <1% doze – umjereni do jaki simptomi
- ▶ Primjena epinefrina
 - ▶ <1% dose
- ▶ Gastrointestinalni simptomi su rani i limitirajući
 - ▶ Prekid (odustajanje) ~10-20%



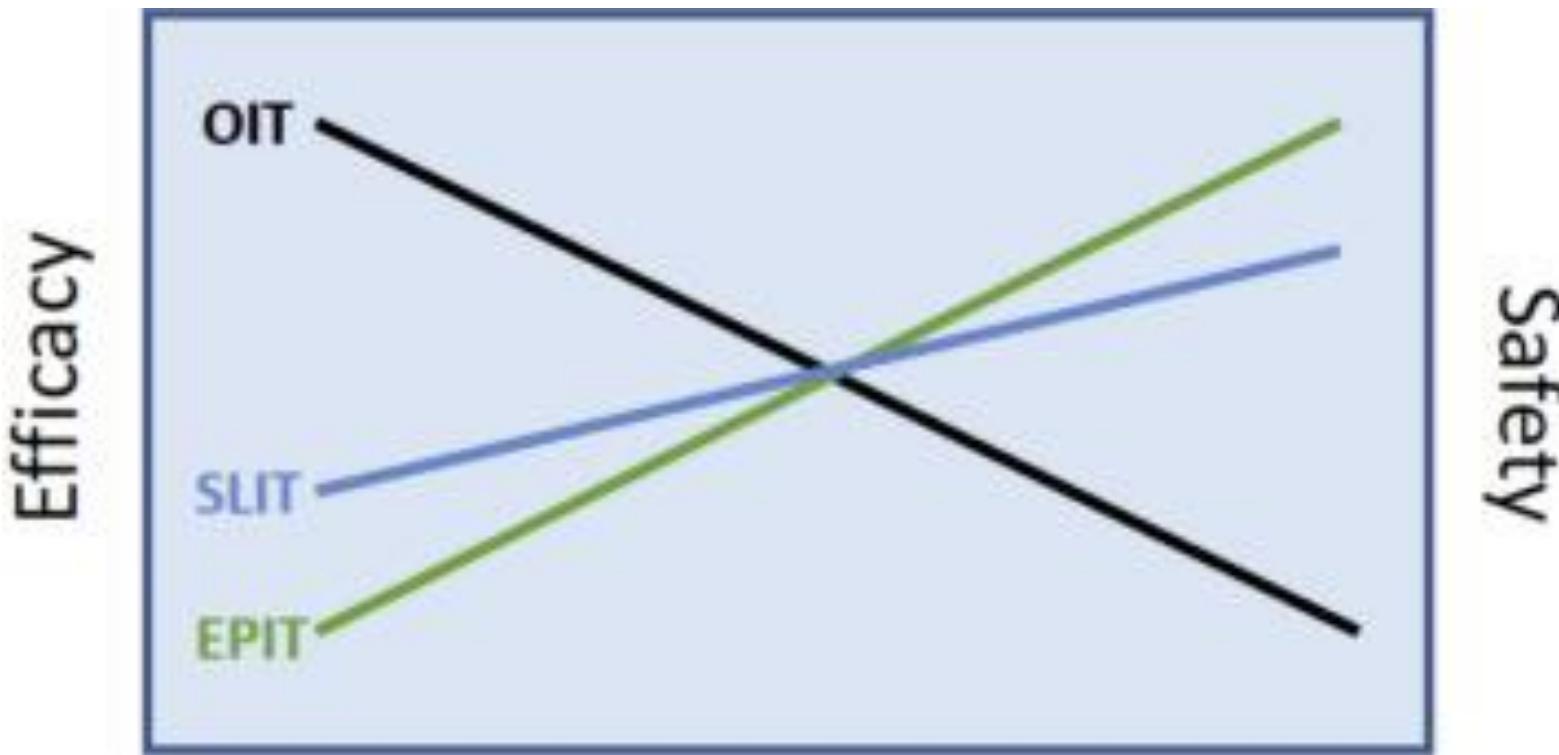
Epikutana imunoterapija (Patch)



- ▶ Povišen je prag za alergene u animalnom (mišjem) modelu
- ▶ Siguran u ljudi
- ▶ Preliminarne studije su pokazale učinkovitost u ljudi (250mcg/dozi)
- ▶ Faza III kl. studije u tijeku (PEPITES)



Alergen-specifična imunoterapija u liječenju alergije na hranu



PRESTO Studija

(Prospective, Randomized Study to evaluate the Effectiveness of Synbiotics on Cow's Milk Allergy Tolerance)

Cilj: odrediti da li simbiotska formula dovodi do ranije tolerancije na KM i smanjuje senzibilizaciju na druge alergene

Kriteriji:

1. Diagnoza alergije na KM
2. Dob < 13 mj. starosti

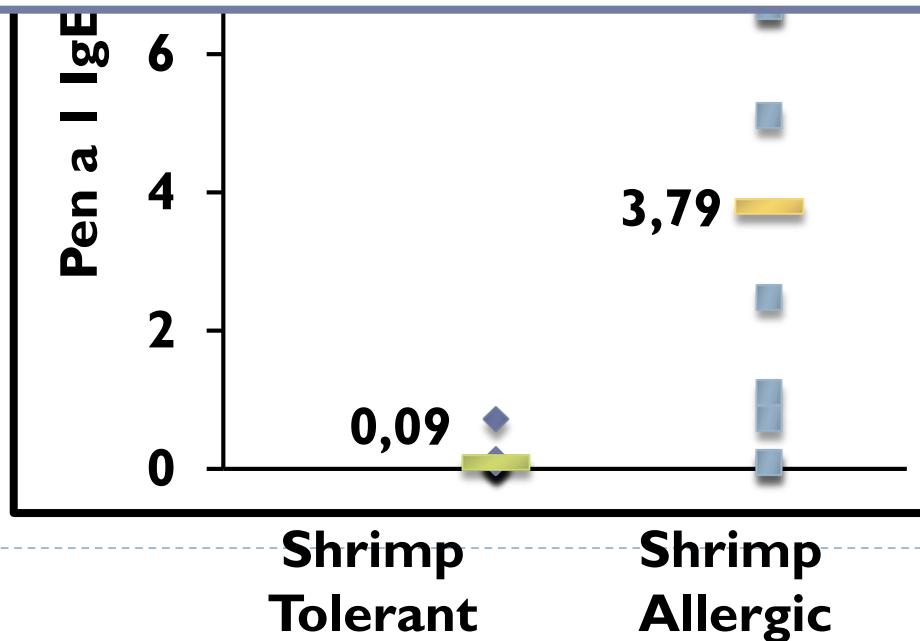


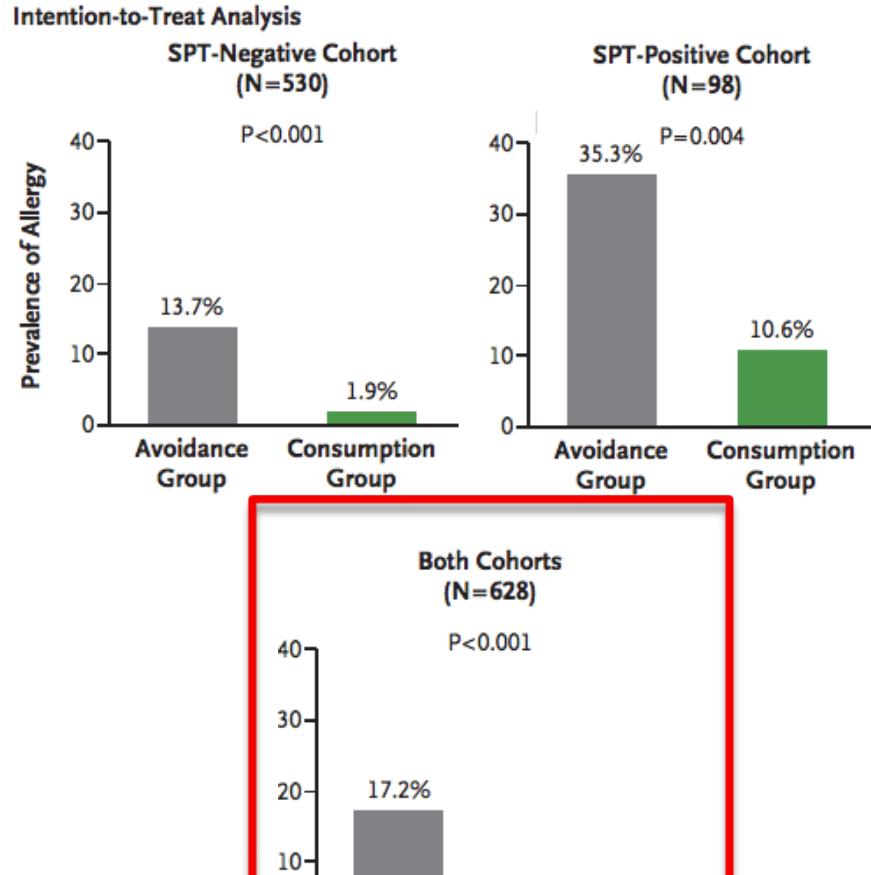
Praćenje imunološkog odgovora u bolesnika alergičnih na škampe

Pen a I IgE (kU/L)



Pen a I, komponenta analiza – potencijalni marker za detekciju “prave” alergije na škampe





▶ Cilj:

▶ Pratiti učinak ranog uvođenja kikirikija na prevenciju alergije na kikiriki

▶ Metoda:

- ▶ Visoko rizična dojenčad (jaki eczem +/- alergija na jaja) 4-11 mj. stara
 - ▶ Pozitivan kožni test ($\leq 4\text{mm}$)
 - ▶ Negativan kožni test
- ▶ Randomizirani u (2) grupe kroz 5 god:
 - Djeca koja su jela kikiriki
 - Djeca koja nisu jela kikiriki

Alergija na kikiriki se 5x više razvila u djece koja su izbjegavala kikiriki

Standardni EoE

- shema liječenja

Comparison Trial
of Diet vs. Medication

EoE
Diagnosis

Dietary
therapy

Medical
therapy

Elemental Diet

4 food
Elimination
Diet

Elimination
Diet – Test
directed

Steroids
Topical or
Systemic

Combination
of Diet and
Steroids

**4 Food Elimination
Trial**
Milk, Egg, Soy and
Wheat

**EoE Multicenter
Trial**



EoE Kombinacijska terapija

Charts Reviewed
(Jan 2006 - Dec 2012)

670

Patients Selected

63

Treatment Group

Topical
Steroids (S)
17 (27%)

Dietary
Restriction (F)
14 (22%)

Combination
Therapy (FS)
32 (51%)

Clinical Improvement

12 (71%)

9 (64%)

29 (91%)



Citokini iz sline u EoE

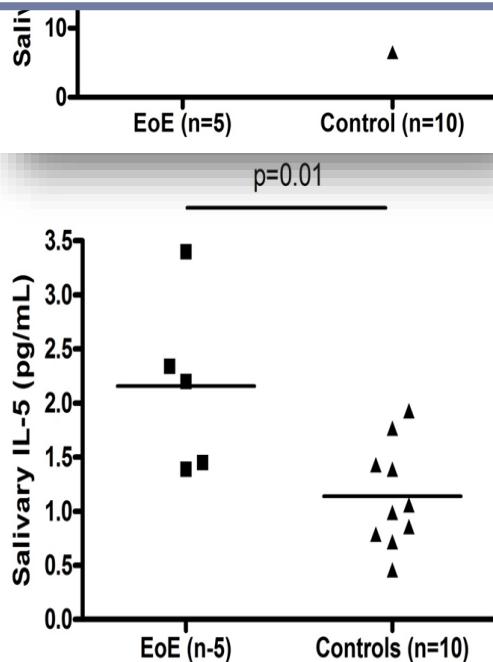
Određivanje citokina u EoE

Metodom “magnetic high-sensitivity human multiplex assays” (EMD Millipore, MA)

50-

p=0.02

IL-4 & IL-5 kao mogući markeri EoE – mjereni u uzorcima sline



IL-4 (pg/mL)	37.3 ± 4.0	24.3 ± 3.0	0.02
IL-5 (pg/mL)	2.1 ± 0.3	1.1 ± 0.1	0.01
IL-13 (pg/mL)	4.7 ± 0.9	4.3 ± 0.6	0.75
Eotaxin 3 (pg/mL)	52.2 ± 3.4	45.1 ± 1.8	0.07
TSLP (pg/mL)	7.3 ± 0.1	7.0 ± 0.1	0.15

Hiremath et al., Ann Allergy Asthma Immunol, 2015

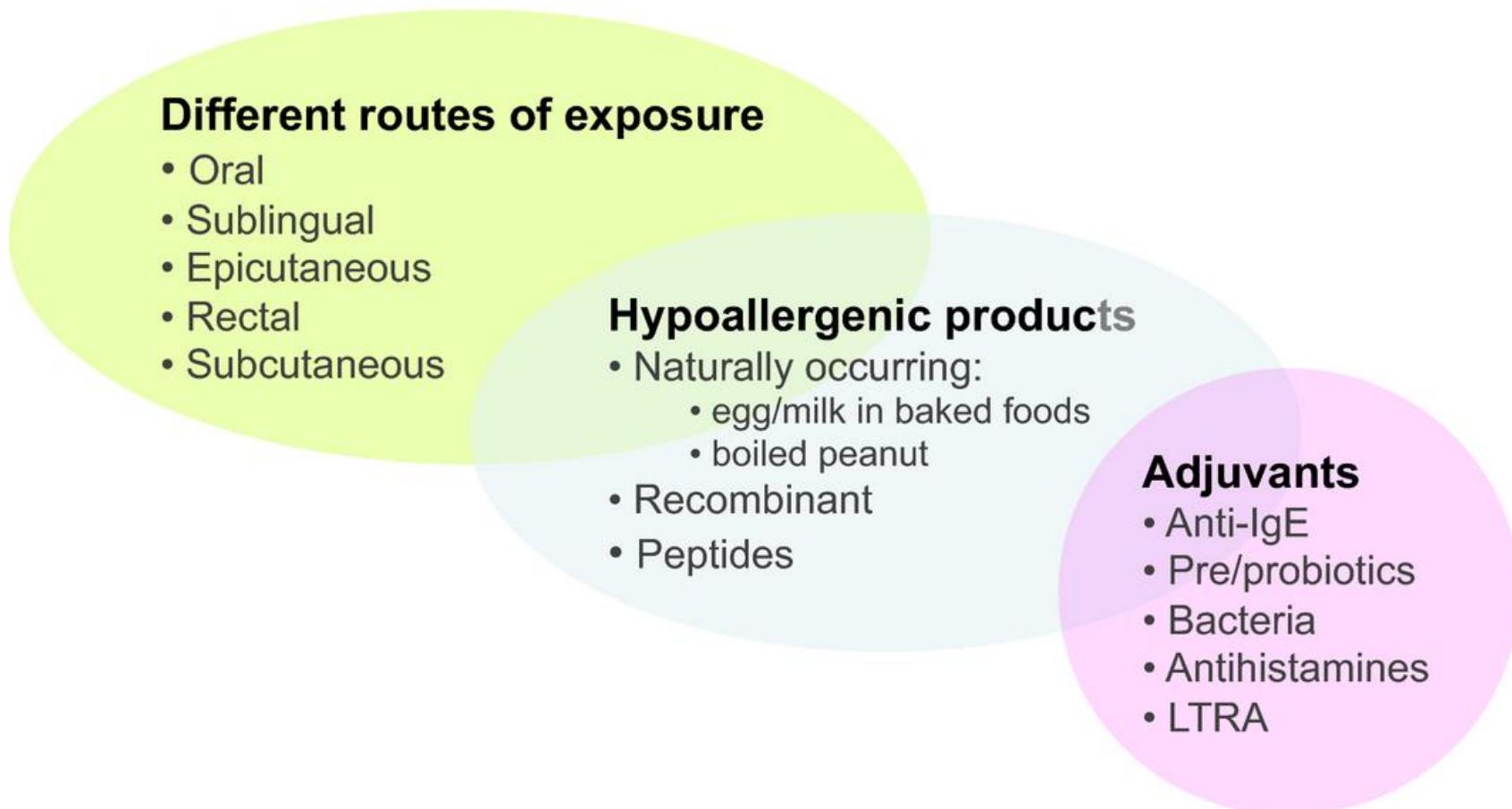
Prijavljene kliničke studije



- ▶ Jednogodišnja, privremena analiza OIT kikirikijem nakon oralnog provokacijskog testa
- ▶ Faza 3 – OIT kikirikijem
- ▶ Faza 3 - Epikutana “patch” imunoterapija
- ▶ Faza I – OIT škampima
- ▶ Faza I – OIT orahom
- ▶ Faza I – “Multi-Food” OIT



Kako poboljšati sigurnost OIT u alergiji na hranu?



Zaključak

- ▶ Alergije porijeklom iz hrane su u porastu (globalni problem)
- ▶ Razlozi porasta alergijskih bolesti nisu poznati
- ▶ Alergijske reakcije na hranu su po život opasne (anafilaksija)
- ▶ Dijagnostički testovi se usavršavaju (zlatni standard je DBPCOFCT)
- ▶ U liječenju osim eliminacijske dijete sve više istraživanja vezana uz alergen-specifičnu imunoterapiju (OIT)



Zaključak?



Hvala na pozornosti!

Pitanja?

